The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

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CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.

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The Columbian.

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Cards in the "Directory" column, $2.00 per year for the first two lines, and 1.00 for each additional line.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above court house. vl-n43

M. RUPERT, stoves and tinware, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n43

CLOTHING, &C.

LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. vl-n43

W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale and retail dealer in clothing, etc.; Hartman's building, Main street. vl-n43

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

TOYER BROS., druggists and apothecaries, Brower's block Main st. vl-n43

P. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

HENRY ZUPPINGER, Watches, Spectacles and Jewelry &c, Main Street near West St. vdn15

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

E. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., just below American house. vl-n43

CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. vl-n43

BOOTS AND SHOES.

M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite Court House. vl-n43

SOLLREDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church vl-n43

HENRY KLEIM, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., East Bloomsburg Main st. vl-n43

DAVID BETZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market street. vl-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

R. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

R. B. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n46

B. M'KELVY, M. D. surgeon and physician north side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

G. RUTTER, M. D. surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. vl-n43

R. H. C. ROWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. vl-n43

B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main Street. v2-n20

R IKELER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." v3n1

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

RS. E. KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main Street below Market. vln6

RS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey building, Main st. vl-n43

RS A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, Exchange block Main street. vl-n43

PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. vl-n43

RS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies cloaks and dress patterns, southeast corner 4th and west st. vl-n43

RS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods, Main st., opposite Court House. vl-n44

RS. M. B. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market st. vl-n43

HE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street, just below American house. vl-n44

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

LEACOCK, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. vl-n43

IDMYER & JACOBY, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. vl-n43

OX & WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange st. vl-n43

XCHANGE HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

MERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. vl-n43

ORRS HOTEL, by G. W. MAUGER, east end of Main st. vl-n43

STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., just above court house. vl-n43

OONS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel. vl-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc. Main st., below Iron vl-n46

H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc. Exchange block, Main street, vl-n43

'KELVY NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, &c., northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

C. HOWER, hats and caps, boots and shoes, Main st., above Court House. vl-n43

C. MARR, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., corner Main and Court House alley vl-n43

A. BECKLEY, Keystone shoe store, books and stationery, Main st, below Market vl-n43

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectioneries, Main st., near the railroad. vl-n43

MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise and lumber, corner of Main street and Rwick road. vl-n43

J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods groceries etc. Shive's block, Main st., below Iron vl-n43

K. GIHTON, Groceries & Provisions, Main Street below Market vl-n44

P. LUTZ dealer in choice dry goods, House-keeping goods, fresh groceries, etc., etc. Main opposite court house. v-n43

K. EVNS, groceries and general merchandise Main st., above West. vl-n43

CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Brown, south side, two doors above Bolser's gunsmith shop. v-n18.

MISCELLANEOUS.

M. CHRISTMAN, saddle, trunk and harness maker, opposite Episcopal church Main st., v3n18

W. CORELL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. vl-n43

J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades, and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. vl-n43

ROSENSTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

W. SAMPLE & CO. Machinists, East Bloomsburg near railroad. Castings made at short notice—machinery made and repaired. v2-n22

A. KUHN, dealer in meat tallow, etc., Chemerin's alley, back of American house. vl-n43

J. RIDLEMAN, Agent Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod. v2-n19

B. PURSELL, saddle, trunk and harness maker, Main st., below court, house. vl-n46

FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and fancy Tanner, Scottown. vl-n47

COMBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing near the rail-road. vl-n46

WITMAN, marble works, near southwest corner Main and Market sts. vl-n43

H. RIDOLPH, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at O. W. Corell's furniture rooms vl-n43

W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

HN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner Main and 1st st. vl-n43

MUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. vl-n47

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., next door to Good's Hotel. vl-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Wm. Masteller cor. of Mahand Pine st. vln47

HARMAN BROTHERS, Tanners and manufacturers of leather, on Main st., below Goods' Hotel. v2-n47

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. vl-n47

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise Main st. vl-n47

JOHN FRYMIRE, saddle and harness maker Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vl-n47

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the brick hotel. vl-n47

M. S. HAYHURST, Clocks, Watches and Guns repaired. Guns and Watches for sale, Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

MICHAEL C. KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters &c., &c., on Pine St., between Main and Mill. vl-n47

H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. vl-n47

WILLIAM DELONG, Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine vln49

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. vl-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. vl-n17

JOHN KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine Street, opposite the Academy vl-n47

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. vl-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St. v2n3.

J. M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker Orangeville, opposite Frame church. v12n11

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostebauder proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main Street. v2-n12

WM. H. ARBETT, attorney at law, Main Street. v2-n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

L. KEILER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second St., below Main. v2-n18.

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawisa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18.

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18.

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street. vl-n45

JTERWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker. vl-n46

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house. vl-n46

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, etc. Cash paid for Hides. vl-n46

WM. M. ENT, dealer in stoves and tin ware in all its branches. vl-n49

JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. vl-n64.

J. J. LEISER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician. Office at Keller's Hotel. v2-n27

A. H. IRVINE, Medical Store Main St. and Briarcreek Road.

ESPY DIRECTORY.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main street, opposite steam Mill. v2-n46

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. S. Fowler, Proprietor. v2-n46

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise. v12n11

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v12n11

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise. First store in south end of town. v2-n18.

JACOB & WM. HARRIS, dealers in dry goods, groceries, drugs and medicines. First store in north end of town. v -n18.

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

JACOB A. SWISHER, dealer in Hides, Leather Bark etc. Madison township Columbia county Pa. v-n46

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. [sep20'67.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Register and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LA
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE—Court House Alley, below the Columbian Office. [Jan4'67.

W. M. REBER M. D.
Late of the U. S. Navy,
Successor to Drs. Harrison and Wells, has permanently located in Bloomsburg for the practice of Medicine and Surgery. Special attention paid to Surgery. Can always be found, unless professionally engaged at the Exchange Hotel or at his office over Miss. Webb's book store, late Republican Printing office.
Apr. 9,'68-3m

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK
MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS,
BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &C.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves.
Shop first door below the Post Office Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15, 1867.

S. C. COLLINS,
FASHIONABLE
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING SALOON,
Over Widmayer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black or brown. Hair Tonic to destroy dandruff and beautifying the hair; will restore hair to its original color without soiling the finest fabric, constantly on hand. [apr12'67.

MACHINERY.

COLUMBIA IRON WORKS.

N. W. SAMPLE & CO.,

CORNER OF MAIN ST. AND L. & B. R. R.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MACHINISTS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS

BLACKSMITHS AND BOILER-MAKERS.

MANUFACTURERS

OF

STEAM ENGINES & WATERWHEELS,

GENERAL MACHINE WORK AND

REPAIRS,

MILL GEARING,

SHAFTING,

PULLEYS,

HANGERS,

HEAD BLOCKS,

SAW MILL GEARING

Of all kinds.

CASTINGS FOR FURNACES AND

ROLLING MILLS.

ALSO CAR WHEELS AND AXLES

AND GENERAL MINING CASTINGS.

—o—

BRASS CASTINGS OF ALL KINDS,

CAR BOXES,

COMPOSITION CASTINGS,

AND BABBIT METAL

BELFIELD'S CELEBRATED

GLOBE VALVES.

STOP COCKS,

CHECK VALVES,

AIR COCKS,

OIL CUPS,

STEAM WHISTLES,

—o—

STEAM GUAGES, STEAM PIPE AND

FITTINGS CONSTANTLY

ON HAND.

BLACKSMITHING,

HEAVY OR LIGHT FORGINGS,

AGENTS FOR SHIVE'S GOVERNOR,

ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE SIMPLEST

AND BEST IN THE WORLD.

—:o:—

REAMERS, TAPS AND DIES,

MADE TO ORDER.

BOLTS AND NUTS OF ALL

SIZES.

ORDERS FOR

BRIDGE BOLTS AND IRONS,

SOLICITED AND ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY

FURNISHED.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

OF THE LATEST IMPROVED PATTERNS.

THRESHING MACHINES,

A SPECIALTY.

BUCKEYE REAPERS REPAIRED,

AND ALL EXTRA PARTS FURNISHED.

MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS OF HORTON'S

PATENT HAY RAKE.

—:o:—

ALL ORDERS EXECUTED WITH

PROMPTNESS.

AND SATISFACTION GIVEN

OR MONEY REFUNDED.

May 7,'68-1f

Choice Poetry.

MEMORY BELLS.

I am sitting in my chamber, while the darkness
tall and grim,
Enters in with noiseless gliding, shutting out the
twilight dim;
Gleams a star with radiance holy, in the heavens'
sapphire sea;
And I hear the wind's low murmur through the
drooping willow-tree.

While I sit thus dreaming, listening to Time's
footsteps falling fast,
Slow my heart uprising, walketh 'mid the shadows of the past;
Suddenly a mellow cadence stealeth softly down
the dell,
'Tis the sound of distant music, ringing of some
fairy bell.

How the crystal melody floats,
While the airy, silvery notes,
Merrily fall upon the ear,
Ringing cheerily, sweet, and clear—
Ringing clear.

Joyous memories swiftly throng,
Days of youth, departed long;
All forgotten, come again,
In that magical refrain—
Merrily, merrily.

Louder, fuller, doth it swell,
The paean of that golden bell;
And the rich, exultant sound
Liquid, rolleth all around—
The golden bell.

Thus my heart with ardor glowed,
Thus love's burning torrent flowed,
In those witching days of yore,
Gone, alas! for evermore—
For evermore.

Mournfully 'tis pealing now,
Tolling sadly, tolling slow—
Knelling for the early dead
Sleeping in their dreamless bed,
Tolling slow.

Shrill and loud the bell is twanging,
Every stroke is sternly clanging;
And each jarring iron tone,
Swells with sharp and sudden moan—
Jarring tone.

Harsh it summoneth to duty,
Slutting out the thoughts of beauty;
Waking from dreams ideal
To the cold and gloomy real—
The gloomy real.

Walleth it bitterly, wildly, drearily,
Soibeth it dreamily, never so wearily,
Heartbreaks return in that desolate strain.
Cease, O thou requiem, come not again—
Never again.

Hushed at length the bitter wail,
Swelling late adown the dale;
Calmly now the bell-tones float,
Low and gentle is each note—
Hushed the wail.

Though the hues of hope are faded,
And the sunlit fair is shaded;
Trust, O heart, thy father's love,
Beaming through the clouds above—
Trust, O heart!

Faint though not, though sad and weary,
Though thy road be rough and dreary;
Girded for this mortal strife,
Rouse thee to a nobler life—
Rouse, O heart.

Still I'm sitting in my chamber, still the radiant star bends down.
Dies the last reverberation of that ever changing tone;
But the haunted bells of memory woke no echo in my heart,
And their wild, unearthly music from my soul will ne'er depart.

—*Hours at Home.*

Miscellaneous.

THE SEWERS OF NEW YORK.

Experience of a Wanderer through the Sewers of New York—History of a Self-Made Scavenger—Daring Exploits—Mysterious Scenes—Recovery of Valuable Property—Horrors Under the Streets, Etc.

In the Nineteenth Ward, bordering on the East River, can be seen a very neat little two-story frame-house covering almost an entire square, surrounded by a beautiful garden, the occupant and owner of which, though a German, is what we call one of the self-made men of New York, and ranks among the wealthiest. Though a man of little or no education, it would make one's blood run cold to listen to his daring exploits, and the many adventures that he has passed through under the streets of our city. Some fifteen years ago he landed in this country a perfect stranger, and with but little money; this he had the pleasing satisfaction, if such we may call it, of being robbed of on his very first night in the city at a German boarding house in Greenwich street. His vocation at home was that of a night-scavenger, and he was not long in procuring a situation in the same business in this city. For five years he followed the same as an employee, which enabled him to save considerable money. During the time he had frequently found many valuables, and so persistently were applications made to search for lost property that he conceived the idea of working the sewers of our streets in its search. He had also become quite accustomed to sewers, as he had frequently been compelled to clean them out, and was as much at home in these narrow and filthy passage-ways as upon the streets. The leading contractors in the above business found him so valuable and so daring an explorer that they were continually calling his services into requisition. There is hardly a sewer on the island in which he has not been; and he seemed to take a great interest in watching the building of new sewers and drains. He knows their size, length, every turn and crook, their inlets and outlets, and claims to have many haunts below the ground, where, by the force of water, valuables that are lost are sure to settle ere they can be carried out into the river. It will be remembered it was but a few weeks ago that a man was arrested in Hoboken with quite a number of valuable articles in a basket, and it was discovered that he had got them out of the sewers of New York. Now, many presumed that this was a new business, the like never having been heard of before, yet this is not so. There are quite a number mostly Germans, who follow this same business; but they are very careful not to divulge the same, as it is said they are making an independent fortune. It is a regularly established business in France and Germany, and in many places they pay so much for the proceeds of the sewers. It is said that there have been those who have tried to accustom themselves to the business, but who were unable in many instances to endure the unhealthy odor and poisonous gases.

A PROFITABLE TRIP.

The first trip ever taken by our informer along the sewers of the city was on Courtlandt street, in search of a pocketbook that had been lost in the sink of one of the prominent hotels on that street, and which contained $1,350 in money, and drafts and notes to the amount of $23,000. The sink had been searched, but all efforts to recover the lost property were fruitless; it was evident that it had been washed out into the main sewer, and the owner offered the whole amount of money in cash, $1,350, should it be recovered. Hermann, for as such he was known among his associates, concluded to work the street sewer that night and see if it was possible to find the same. That night, accompanied by two others, he equipped himself in a full rubber suit, a revolver, a hook, a dark lantern, and a sieve shovel. Descending at the first opening, which was about a block below the hotel, he set out on his journey on his hands and knees through the dismal passage-way. He had no sooner got well under way, the powerful light from the dark lantern affording him plenty of light, when he came face to face with one of the largest dock-rats that he had ever seen. The power of the light seemed to stagger the rat for a moment, when Hermann drew his pistol and shot him dead. He then resumed operations, and sifted after mud and filth as he went along. The first thing of note that he found was the body of a still-born infant about three or four months old. On lifting it, it was so much decomposed that it fell apart. A little further, he picked up a silver watch, with a common cord tied to it, and it had evidently been some time in the sewer. Keeping on, he soon picked up two silver table spoons, one bearing the word "National," and evidently belonging to the hotel of the same name, which is located on the same street; he also picked up a part of an old silver urn. As he lifted the piece of urn, he felt something heavy against it, which he at first imagined to be a piece of board; but when taking it out, lo and behold! it was the identical lost pocketbook. All was found safe within; but wet through and through. Being unable to turn in the sewer, he was forced to back out; and in a short time he was at the opening, and in a few moments found himself safe on terra firma. Returning home, he dried the bills, notes, and papers; and the following morning handed over the book and contents to their owner, who fairly jumped with joy at their recovery. When told how it had been recovered, he could hardly believe it. The $1,350 was paid over to Hermann, receiving, besides, an order for a new suit of clothes from the proprietor of the hotel.

A SECOND ADVENTURE.

The most extended journey ever made by Hermann was through Vesey Street sewer to Broadway, thence to Barclay, and down Barclay to the outlet at the river. On Vesey street he picked up numerous spoons of every description, especially in the vicinity of the Astor House, and the case of a gold watch. He also found a broken bracelet, a dirk-knife, and a pair of gold spectacles. On Broadway he found a neat cross branded dirk, and on Barclay street picked up over $40 in money. Some two years after the above journey he made another tour over the same route, and found a ladies' purse containing $107 in gold, also an old pocket book with eighty-four cents in it.

RECOVERING A WEDDING RING.

In the Spring of 1864 he was called upon to recover a heavy gold wedding ring that had been dropped down a sink by a lady, and who seemed almost distracted over its loss. Money was no object if the ring could be recovered. The sink was cleansed, but no ring could be found. The sewer was accordingly visited that night, and after a diligent search of the passage-way leading from the dwelling to the main sewer the ring was found after nearly two hours' hard work. He was made a present of two hundred dollars for his trouble, besides what was awarded his associates.

OVER THREE HUNDRED BODIES FOUND IN THE SEWERS.

During the ten years that Hermann followed the above life he states that, at times, he found over three hundred still-born infants in the various sewers of the city. As a general thing, he would bring them out at the opening at the river, and would receive a certain amount from the Coroners for such bodies, while they would be a benefit to the Coroner financially for holding an Inquest on the same. The press seldom took notice of such trifling cases. In fact, it was ver rare that publicity was given to any of them. Chambers street, he states, was the greatest on record for finding still-born infants. He never visited it but he was sure to come across one or two, and sometimes as many as five or six. The only reason he accounts for their being so many on the above street was that there was located in that street one of the most noted abortionists ever known in this country, and in whose house hundreds and hundreds of females have been operated on, and abortions produced. The sink was, of course, used to carry off and conceal that which would have once been a human being. The woman who then occupied the building, now resides in one of the most costly mansions on Fifth avenue, where she carries on the same business, but only caters for those of wealth, and who can pay her the highest prices for her services. Any pleasant afternoon she can be seen riding out on Central Park in her carriage, and often accompanied by same delicate young woman who has been a victim to her hellish practice.

A TRIP ACROSS THE CITY.

One night Hermann determined to make a tour from river to river. He entered one of the large sewers on the North River side and came out at the mouth of Maiden Lane sewer; at one place he came in contact with hot steam from a boiler, but it being Sunday it did not amount to much, and he passed it with little or no trouble. During the journey he found any quantity of things—spoons without number, a silver cup, two rings, a liquor-flask, a new pocket-book empty, a bundle of lawyer's papers, necklace and any number of pieces of coin.

A STRANGE COMPANION.

While making a journey one morning through the Spring street sewer, he was startled by observing something of considerable size some distance a head, and moving toward him. At first he could not make it out; but getting his lantern to bear well on the object, discovered that it was a live hen, who seemed perfectly at home, and was picking up whatever it could come across to eat. He managed to capture it, and has the identical chicken now at his stables. How in ever got into the sewer he cannot imagine, but it looked as if it had been there some time. We could enumerate many more interesting facts of his life in the sewers, had we the space in our columns; but the above is enough to show that it is no new business to explore the sewers of our city for a living. Our informant is now worth over $500,000 in real estate alone, all made by digging through the filth of the sewers of New York.—*New York Sunday Mercury.*

Literal Answers.

A LECTURER in Portland, Maine, or somewhere else, was explaining to a little girl how a lobster cast his shell when he had outgrown it. Said he,

"What do you do when you have outgrown your clothes? You cast them aside, do you not?"

"Oh, no," replied the little one, "we let out the tucks."

Again, a teacher explaining to a little girl the meaning of the word cuticle:

"What is that all over my face and hands?" said he.

"It's freckles, sir," answered the little cherub.

An answer of a similar character is often the result of a hard word.

"William," said a mother to her son, who had already eaten a very considerable amount of dinner, "I don't know whether you can eat this pudding with impunity."

"Well may be not," said William; "I think I would rather have a spoon."

A lady noticed a boy sprinkling salt on the sidewalk to take off the ice, and remarked to a friend pointing to the salt:

"Now that's true benevolence."

"No it ain't," said the boy, somewhat indignant, "it's salt."

So when a lady asked her servant girl if the hired man had cleared off the snow with alacrity, she replied:

"No ma'm, he used a shovel.

The same literal turn of mind which we have been illustrating is sometimes used intentionally and perhaps a little maliciously, and thus becomes the property of wit instead of blunders. Thus we hear of a very polite and impressive gentleman who said to a youth in the street:

"Boy may I inquire where Robinson's drug store is?"

"Certainly, sir," said the boy, very respectfully.

"Well, sir," said the gentleman, after waiting awhile, "where is it?"

"I have not the least idea, yer honor," said the urchin.

There was another boy who was accosted by an ascetic middle aged lady with,

"Boy, I want to go to Dovor street."

"Well, ma'm," said the boy, "why don't you go there then?"

One day on Lake George a party of gentlemen strolling among the beautiful islands of the lake with bad luck, espied a little fellow with a red shirt and old straw hat dangling a line over the side of a boat.

"Hello, boy," said one of them "what are you doing?"

"Fishing," came the answer.

"Well, of course," said the gentleman, "but what do you catch?"

"Fish, you fool, what do you 'spose?"

"Did any of you ever see an elephant's skin," inquired a teacher of an infant class.

"I have," exclaimed one.

"Where?" asked the teacher.

"On the elephant," said the boy laughing.

Sometimes this sort of wit degenerates or rises, as the case may be, into punning, as when Flora pointed pensively to the heavy masses of clouds in the sky, saying:

"I wonder where those clouds are going?" and her brother replied,

"I think they are going to thunder."

Also in the following dialogue:

"Hello, there! how do you sell your wood?"

"By the cord."

"How long has it been cut?"

"Four feet."

"I mean how long has it been since you cut it!"

"No longer than it is now."

And also, as when Patrick O'Flynn was seen with his collar and bosom sadly begrimed and was indignantly asked by his officer.

"Patrick O'Flynn; how long do you wear a shirt!"

"Twenty-eight inches, sir."

This reminds me of an incident which is said to have occurred recently in Chatham street, New York, where a countryman was clamorously besieged by a shopkeeper.

"Have you any fine shirts?" said the countryman.

"A splendid assortment. Step in, sir. Every price and every style. The cheapest in the market, sir."

"Are they clean?"

"To be sure, sir."

"Then," said the countryman, with great gravity, "you had better put one on, for you need it."

Wit is said to excite an agreeable surprise. I fear the surprise here was not agreeable to one of the parties, but it was wit nevertheless.

A CERTAIN deacon, being accustomed to snore while asleep in church, received the following polite note:

"Deacon —— is requested not to commence snoring to-morrow until the sermon is begun, as some persons in the neighborhood of his pew would like to hear the text."

"JOHN, did you ever bet on a horse-race?"

"No, but I've seen my sister Bet on an old mare."

A Thrilling Incident.

THE following incident is extracted from a very intesting paper in Bentley's Miscellany, entitled "Hours in Hindoostan." The cobra capella is said to be one of the most venomous species of serpents in the East, his bite being attended by almost instant death:

We had been playing all the evening at whist. Our stakes had been gold mohur points, and twenty on the rubber. Maxey, who was always lucky, had won five consecutive bumpers, which lent a self-satisfied smile to his countenance, and made us losers anything but pleasant, when he suddenly changed countenance and hesitated to play.

This the more surprised us since he was one who seldom pondered, being so perfectly master of the game that he deemed long consideration superfluous.

"Play away, Maxey; what are you about?" impatiently demanded Churchill, one of the most impetuous youths that ever wore the uniform of the body-guard.

"Hush," replied Maxey, in a tone which thrilled through us, at the same time turning deadly pale.

"Are you unwell?" said another, about to start up, for he believed our friend had been taken suddenly ill.

"For the love of God sit quiet," replied the other, in a tone denoting extreme fear or pain, and he laid down his cards.

"If you value my life, move not."

"What can he mean? Has he taken leave of his senses?" demanded Churchill appealing to myself.

"Don't start—don't move, I tell you," in a sort of whisper I can never forget, uttered Maxey.

"If you make any sudden motion I'm a dead man!" he exclaimed.

We exchanged looks. He continued: "Remain quiet and all may yet be well. I've a cobra capella round my leg."

Our first impulse was to draw back our chairs; but an appealing look from the victim induced us to remain, although we were aware that should the reptile transfer but one fold, and attach himself to any other of the party, that individual might already be counted a dead man, so fatal is the bite of that dreadful monster.

Poor Maxey was dressed as many old residents still dress in India, namely, breeches and silk stockings. Therefore he more plainly felt every movement of the snake. His countenance assumed a livid hue; the words seemed to leave his mouth without the features altering the position, so rigid was the look, so fearful was he lest the slightest muscular movement should alarm the sepent and hasten his bite.

We were in agony little less than his own during the scene.

"He is coiling round," muttered Maxey "I feel him cold, cold to my limb; and now, he thickens. For the love of heaven call for some milk. I dare not speak loud; let it be placed near me; let some be placed on the floor."

Churchill cautiously gave the order, and a servant slipped out of the room.

"Don't stir! Northcote you moved your head. By everything sacred I conjure you not to do so again.

It cannot be long ere my fate is decided. I've a wife and two children in Europe; tell them I died blessing them—that my last prayers were for them. The snake is winding round my calf. I leave them all I possess. I can almost fancy I feel his breath. Great God, to die in such a manner!"

The milk was brought and carefully put down; a few drops were sprinkled on the floor, and the affrighted servant drew back. Again Maxey spoke:

"No! it has no effect! I dare not look down, but am sure he is about to draw back and give the bite of death with more than fatal precision. Receive me, Oh! Lord, and pardon me! My last hour has come! again he pauses! I die firm, but this is past endurance! Ah, no! He has undone another fold, and loosens himself! Can he be going to some one?" We involuntarily started.

"For the love of heaven, stir not! I'm a dead man; but bear with me. He still loosens—he is about to dart. Move not, but beware! Churchill, he falls off that way. Oh, this agony is too hard to bear. Another pressure, and I am dead! No, he relaxes."

At that moment poor Maxey ventured to look down; the snake had unwound himself; the last coil had fallen, and the reptile was making for the milk.

"I am saved! I am saved!" and Maxey bounded from his chair and fell senseless into the arms of one of his servants. In another instant, need it be added, we were all dispersed—the snake was killed, and our poor friend carried, more dead than alive, to his room.

A FREEDMAN'S HYMN.—A Southern friend, who is curious in his observations as to the effect of freedom on the ordinary field-hand freedman, says that in no way does Sambo "feel the oats" of liberty more than in his devotions; and in support of his assertions sends the following, which he says is in many quarters a favorite hymn in public religious services:

We's nearer to de Lord
Dan de white folks, and dey knows it;
See de glory gate unbarred;
Walk up, darkeys, past de guard;
Bet a dollar he don't close it.

Walk up, darkey, froo de gate;
Hark! de colored angels holler,
Go away, white folks! you's too late;
We's de winnin' color; wait
Till the trumpet sounds to holler.

Hallelujah! t'anks an' praise;
Long snuff we've borne our crosses;
Now we's de sooperior race;
We's gwine to heaben afore de bosses!

Harper's Magazine.

A CALIFORNIA correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, who has been traveling on the Central Pacific Railroad, says: "It costs ten cents a mile in coin, to ride on it, and if you tender your fare in greenbacks, and insist upon their reception, the conductor halts and pushes you off the train. A few days ago a passenger offered a greenback dollar for a ride of ten miles. He was promptly ditched."

The Influence of the Moon upon Babies.

The moon is thought by old wives to influence the life of a child. Thus the child born on the first day of the new moon is fortunate in all his undertakings, and will live long; one born on the fifth day will be vain and deceitful; one born on the sixth will live long; one born on the seventh will have a life of trouble; one born on the ninth will be rich; one born on the tenth will be a great traveler; one born on the tenth will be a devotee to religion; one born on the sixteenth will be grateful and unfortunate; one born on the eighteenth will be brave; one born on the nineteenth will be full of malice; one born on the twenty-first will be strong and healthy, but selfish; one born on the twenty second will be cheerful, but inclined to low society; one born on the twenty-third will be ungovernable, will forsake family and friends and wander in a foreign country—unhappy through life; one born on the twenty-fourth will have extraordinary ability; one born on the twenty-fifth will be desperately wicked and come to a fearful death; one born on the twenty-seventh will be amiable; one born on the thirtieth will have the acme of all good gifts, temporal and spiritual.

A baby's nails must never be cut until it is a year old, or it will be a thief. A child with a blue vein across its nose will never wear its wedding clothes; should it chance to outlive its infancy it will bring sorrow and disgrace to all belonging to it. A babe that cries at its christening will live long; if you bathe it on Sunday it will be sorrow free; if on Thursday it will grow beautiful; if on Wednesday it will grow fat; if on Friday all its sins will be forgiven; if on Saturday it will be unhealthy.

There are certain other superstitions applying to grown people: If you cut your nails on Sunday, it provokes Monsieure le Diable to such a degree that he'll shave you all the week, and lead you into mischief. If you clip your hair at the new moon, it will grow long at the full; as the moon wanes your hair will fall out. If you don new clothes on a Sunday you'll be happy; if on a Monday, they'll tear; if on a Tuesday, they'll burn; if on a Wednesday, you'll have plenty; if on a Friday, you'll be unlucky; if on a Saturday, you won't live to enjoy them. Every one, silently or openly, is a little suspicious regarding Friday, yet few could give a reason.

SOMETHING FOR THE SPELLING SCHOOL.—Many persons have read, at one time or another, a little anecdote about the late Lord Palmerston, which tells us how that jovial nobleman once gave eleven of his associates in the cabinet a sentence to spell, and how not a single one of the eleven got through it without blundering. The sentence was: "It is disagreeable to witness the embarrassment of a harrassed peddler gauging the symmetry of a peeled potato." There are here several words which it is very easy to misspell, but a correspondent sends to the New York *Evening Post* a sentence which he says (on the authority of Lord Robert Cecil) was actually given out to a school in Ipswich, by the side of which the Palmerstonian test becomes ridiculously easy. It runs thus:

"While hewing yew, Hugh lost his ewe, and
put it in the Hue and Cry.
To name its face's dusky hues
Was all the effort he could use,
You brought

The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1869.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

Trouble at Headquarters.

THOSE noble and disinterested men who serve their country as Senators and Representatives are becoming highly disgusted with the powers that be. Senator Ross after a cheerful interview with the Chief Magistrate, requests him to depart to a locality where overcoats are superfluous. Mr. Shanks after calling seven times without seeing the Secretary of State remarks that the *fish-y* old establishment can be conducted hereafter without his valuable assistance and last of all comes Sumner also, who having been requested to wait fifteen minutes to see Mr. Grant not only refuses to do so but declares that he would not waste so much valuable time for the Queen of England, the Grand Khan of Tartary or any other equally proud and haughty despot. He furthermore gives it as his unbiassed opinion that the White House is nothing more nor less than "a mere military headquarters." This is indeed sad, for how can we look for the success of an administration unaided by the mighty minds of a Ross, a Shanks (sweet name) and a Sumner? Don't do so Mr. President, at least have Sumner admitted to instant audience that we may not be left desolate and without a "foreign policy." Consider your own comfort as well, for should Sumner turn in wrath against you, he might deliver a speech which—you might be compelled *to read!*

THE *State Guard* in an editorial fulsomely eulogistic of the President, says:

He has not been addicted to foolish ways; accepts no personal flatteries; and uses his powers like a man who feels that he is sworn to do his duty. Officially, Grant is prompt and impartial.

Now it *may be* that Mr. Grant's first attempts to form a Cabinet from such dissimilar materials as he employed, and his appointment of a high tariff advocate to fill the place of a free-trader, and a Conservative that of the blackest of Radicals, are not "foolish ways" but they look a little like it to the ordinary human intelligence. He *may* not accept "personal flatteries," but if so who gets all the presents left at the White House? If he uses his power as the *Guard* states he must have sworn very strongly in favor of friends and relations, and if "officially" he "is prompt and impartial," those who subscribed liberally must have presented their claims for office at an early day. In short, if the statement of the *Guard* is correct, Mr. Grant possesses a happy faculty for doing exactly as he does not seem to do.

MR. GRANT said in his inaugural "I shall on all subjects have a policy to recommend." Here is "a policy" out of his assortment. Major Moore, ex-Assistant Adjutant General of Sheridan's Cavalry, whoever he may be, has assured Mr. Grant that it is impossible for "the Republican party to gain a victory in Texas if an election were ordered immediately," and Mr Grant has in turn informed Major Moore that there "shall be no election held in Texas before November." 'Tis not so good a "policy" as "honesty" but "'twill serve."

THE United States will soon be finely represented abroad. To the court of France, goes the elegant and accomplished Washburne, who knows almost as much of French as he does of English and as much of diplomacy as either, whilst the proud old Court of Spain is to be blessed with that magnificent genius Daniel E. Sickles, whose "little onpleasantness" with Philip Barton Key is yet well remembered and whose career as an unscrupulous politician of bad odor eminently fits him for the delicate duties of a Foreign Minister.

THERE is one man in England, who assuredly does not like Mr. Charles Sumner, here is what he thinks of him:

LONDON, May 6.—SIR: I inclose the opinion of one of the leading journals of this country as to your conduct, and have only to add my own, which is, that you are a mischief-making, ill-conditioned Yankee scoundrel. Your obedient servant, AN ENGLISHMAN.

It is a noticeable fact that after every speech Mr. Sumner makes, he is sure to receive threatening letters. He publishes them, so we know that he gets them. But who writes them? Sumner?

THAT remarkable Statesman John W. Geary, has been heard from again. He has pardoned Hester Vaughan, the child murderer, on condition that she should leave the country. She accordingly sailed for England some days since. Now we do not believe that there is any power conferred upon the Governor of this Commonwealth to impose banishment for any offence committed or to confer pardon for a "valuable consideration." How is this General?

IT is to be hoped that those patriots who are so anxious to get the country into another war, will not attempt to dodge the conscription in case of its outbreak. It is to be hoped they will not cry out against the taxes which it will necessarily involve. It is to be hoped they will not deal in shoddy or try to get contracts. It is to be hoped they will understand themselves before they go in, and understand the business into which they are going, so that there may be no trouble with them afterward.

THE *Evening Post*, in discussing the great advance in gold since March last, says that the "meaning of the advance is simply that the public are beginning to understand the financial situation better than heretofore." Judging from the recent smashes of business firms in New York we should say that some of the public at least, must understand the "financial situation" pretty thoroughly by this time.

A. T. STEWART, the Merchant Prince of New York returns a yearly income of over $5,000,000 or $60,000 per week.

The Columbia County Invasion.

VIII

ELECTION ARRESTS.

Cases of Holtee and Heller:—On Saturday Oct. 8, 1864, (three days before the State election,) Daniel Holter a citizen of Hemlock township was arrested by soldiers under the orders of the Deputy Provost Marshal, and was brought by them to Bloomsburg and lodged in the county jail. On Monday following Wm. H. Heller another citizen of Hemlock township was arrested by the same authority and was also lodged in the jail. He was promised a hearing or examination of his case on Monday and again for Tuesday morning, but none was given him. In fact both the prisoners were committed to prison without any warrant or other written authority, or cause shown, and no hearing or examination of their cases was permitted up to the afternoon of election-day when the events to be presently mentioned took place. That they were unlawfully arrested and for the express purpose of depriving them of their votes at the election, is most unquestionable; and it is equally unquestionable that in this nefarious action and purpose the Radical leaders at Bloomsburg were directly and deeply implicated and concerned. The arrests were made in their interest and were applauded by them, and when an honest officer of the county by judicious, prompt, lawful, and patriotic action defeated the object of the arrests, their rage was excessive and was openly and indecently manifested.

Holter and Heller secured their votes in the manner we shall describe, but were hurried off to Harrisburg on election night and held there in confinement for two days. But when their cases were examined by the military authorities there, they were promptly and honorably discharged and returned to their homes. There being no cause nor even a reasonable pretense for their arrest, they could not be held in custody nor their persecution continued. The high-handed, outrageous and shameless proceedings against them came to an inglorious conclusion.

Case of Sheriff Furman and Robert C. Fruit:—Holter and Heller (of whom we have just spoken) being in the custody of the Sheriff on election day, it was believed that their votes were silenced or prevented and that a certain Radical gain was secured. The fact was the subject of conversation in the town and of evident exultation with the Radical leaders. It was so good a thing to have power on their side; to have an accommodating Deputy Provost Marshal with a guard of soldiers under his hand, acting in concert with the troops in the county, to pick up voters and keep them away from the polls! After a time the rights of Holter and Heller as voters came into consideration among their political friends, and the Sheriff consulted Senator Buckalew on the subject. The latter promptly advised him that Holter and Heller had been unlawfully and improperly arrested; that they were not liable at all to be arrested by the military authorities of the United States, never having been mustered into the Federal service nor drafted under United States laws; that there was no law, State or Federal, which required or authorized him (the Sheriff) to receive drafted men or deserters, or those claimed to be such, into the county prison, or to hold them there in custody for one moment; and that what he (the Sheriff) had already done and might thereafter do in the matter of receiving and holding such men in charge, was and would be entirely voluntary and upon his own responsibility without any obligation of law. These views were afterwards fully sustained by the military authorities at Harrisburg and by Gov. Curtin and his Secretary and Attorney General. The Sheriff was further advised that his relations to the Deputy Provost Marshal in the matter, (putting the legal question aside,) were simply those of comity; that having received the men to accommodate the Dep. Prov. Marshal and holding them for that reason alone, good faith could only require that he should not peamit their escape but should deliver them up to the Deputy PROV. Marshal when called for: In the meantime he could permit them to vote in their proper election district without any violation of faith or of duty. Further, that it was evident that Holter and Heller had been arrested and put in his charge not only without lawful cause but for the express purpose of depriving them of their rights as electors, and that to this fraudulent and unlawful enterprise he (the Sheriff) would become a party by keeping them away from the polls. This, as nearly as we can ascertain, was the advice received by Sheriff Furman and he acted upon it promptly. A carriage was procured, Mr. Robert C. Fruit (Clerk to the County Commissioners) volunteered as an aid to the Sheriff, and the men were driven from the jail by way of Iron street and the mouth of Little Fishing Creek to the Hemlock election polls, four miles distant, where they gave their votes. Thus the shameful fraud intended by their arrest was defeated. All honor to Josiah H. Furman and to the men concerned with him in executing this act of evident justice! They preserved the law from violation, secured to two of their fellow-citizens their undoubted rights and defied the rage and vengeance of power! Their action was legal, laudable, bold and timely, met the necessities of the case in exactly the proper manner, and deserves to be held in lasting remembrance.

But the Sheriff and his assistant did not escape punishment for their upright conduct. When, in the course of the afternoon, the fact transpired that they had taken Holter and Heller to Buck Horn to enable them to vote, Radical excitement and indignation became intense. To have the fruits of rascality snatched from their mouths in the very hour of sweet enjoyment was intolerable, and a desire for vengeance filled every "loil" breast. The dignity also of Mr. Deputy Provost Marshal Silver had been touched at a tender point and required signal vindication. Therefore, a squad of soldiers of Capt. Silver's guard was sent in pursuit of the Sheriff and his companions with orders to arrest them and bring them to the Captain's Head Quarters in the Exchange Block or Biggs' Buildings. This order was executed with as much of speed as possible, but almost too late to take the arrested parties *flagrante delicto*. For the Sheriff and his assistant with Holter and Heller in charge were within 500 yards of the jail, on their return, when the soldiers met and arrested them. They were all—the whole party—put in strict confinement and held behind bayonets and barred doors during the remainder of the day, with imperfect access of friends and with no knowledge of the treatment or fate for which they were reserved. That there was no popular outbreak upon that occasion; that the arrested men and their friends and the people generally submitted to this open and insolent outrage upon the laws—this most flagrant invasion of private right and of the principles of liberty—furnished high evidence not only of their peaceful disposition but of their determination to give no color of justification to the slanders of their enemies. In fact, during the whole latter half of 1861 while arrests wholly unjustifiable were being made in various parts of our county and circumstances well calculated to excite indignation and turbulence were continually occurring, our people everywhere remained peaceful and law-abiding. Under great and continued provocation they firmly kept the peace and by their conduct gave the most effectual contradiction possible to those miscreants both at home and abroad who defamed them. By unbroken patience and by upright conduct they proved beyond all dispute that the charge of insurrection by them or of an insurrectionary spirit among them, was a base and utter falsehood, fit only for denunciation or contempt.

Sheriff Furman and the others above named, were arrested about four o'clock in the afternoon. They were sent in the evening of the same day, under guard, to Harrisburg, where they arrived a little after midnight. They were then thrust into a room in the third story of a building used by the Provost Marshal, among negroes, bounty jumpers, deserters and other vile scum of the army. There they were kept that night and Wednesday and Wednesday night, but by reason of the active exertions of their friends on Thursday they were graciously allowed quarters in the County Penitentiary. The conclusion of their case will be given in our next number.

Horticultural Items.

STRAWBERRIES should be daily sprinkled from the time they are in blossom till they begin to color. The effect is sexual and consists in a more uniform diffusion of the pollen from the male organs. It greatly increases the crops and no labor pays better. But they need only sprinkling, the roots need no watering. The Russel strawberry has not sufficient constitution to complete the ripening process, and why should they not be thinned as well as some other fruits. Leave only one or two berries on each petiole (stem.)

See to the currant bushes before the destroyers have commenced; prevention is better than cure. Suckers should be pulled out; how thrifty this will make them! Currants are some of our most valuable fruits. Is it not a sin to neglect a horse or a cow? Well then, it is also a sin to neglect plants. Pull them out if you can't attend them.

The same effect of removing the suckers is seen on the raspberries. Without this they will soon give out. Of the approved kinds the Philadelphia is the most prolific and the hardiest, the Antwerps the best flavored and prolific too but tender. The Black-cap (Doolittle) is a humbug, a wild kind, but prolific and sweet, though small. All the everbearing kinds are here (Bloomsburg) not worth cultivating except as curiosities. The newer kinds will hardly come up to the Antwerps in quality, or to the Philadelphia in productiveness and hardiness. The horticultural press has not yet alluded much to the point that this last berry possesses the merit of being almost thornless.

Gooseberries. (Let us have a derivation of this name.) These are wonderfully prolific, and some of our fair friends know how to prepare a delicious preserve of them. No use to try those large English kinds; no doctoring can make them do well! The Houston, if not the best, is one of the very best.

Grapes are subject to mildew, or rather to mildews in various forms. The most efficient cultivators prevent this almost fatal evil with th ree or four applications of flour of sulphur; one before blossoming, one soon after, one when the berries are half grown and the last just before they begin to ripen. Some varieties must be thinned. Mulching promotes mildew. H. Z.

WE last week published a list of the owners of unpatented lands in this county and amount of taxes due. The following is the official notice with regard to the same, which applies to our County as well.

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, Pa., May 6, 1869.

To the Owners of Unpatented Lands:

In obedience to an Act of Assembly, approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, you are hereby notified that the "County Land Lien Docket," containing the list of unpatented lands for Dauphin county, prepared under the Act of Assembly of the twentieth of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and the supplement thereto, has this day been forwarded to the prothonotary of the county, at whose office it may be examined. The liens can only be liquidated by the payment of the purchase money, interest and fees, and receiving patents through this Department. Proceedings by the Attorney General have been stayed for one year from this date, in order that parties may obtain their patents without additional cost.

JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
Surveyor General.

WHY IS IT?—Many business men advocated Grant's election on the ground that it would give confidence to the business community, and strengthen trade. When Grant was inaugurated gold stood at about 130, and *now* it ranges about 140, an increase of *ten per cent.* Why is this? Where is the decrease in the cost of living, and the easy times promised? We confess we don't think matters have been improved by Grant's election.

THE "Woman's Rights" movement is daily progressing. Mrs. Van Cott has been regularly licensed to preach in the Methodist Episcopal Church and is now holding forth in New York. She is the first woman ever licensed by that denomination. Postmistresses, Editresses and Preacheresses—we've no doubt they'll vote eventually.

IN the south-eastern part of Nevada there is a mountain of salt, five miles long, six hundred feet high, and of unknown depth; said to be as pure as that got from the mines of Cracow in Poland.

The Eight Hour Law.

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—*Whereas*, The act of Congress approved June 25, 1868, constituted, on and after that date, eight hours a day's work for all laborers, workmen and mechanics employed by or on behalf of the government of the United States, and repealed all acts and parts of acts inconsistent therewith;

Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do hereby direct that from and after this date no reduction shall be made in the wages paid by the Government by the day to such laborers, workmen and mechanics on account of such reduction of the hours of labor.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this 19th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-third.

By the President: U. S. GRANT.
HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

THE COLUMBIAN is one the best and ablest Democratic papers in this section of the State. In fact it is the only Democratic paper which has met the expectations of the Democracy of Columbia county, and we congratulate friend Brockway upon his abundant success. It is the only Democratic organ at the county seat—no factional paper now being published there—and as a consequence the Democratic party in that county are united, harmonious and strong.—*Democrat.*

The success of THE COLUMBIAN affords us great pleasure. It is a young paper, started only a few years ago. THE COLUMBIAN started out as the paper of the people, and, though cried down by the "ring," as it was called, went for the interest of the whole party, and the result last fall proved the wisdom of its course—the democratic majority of the county reaching 2,000, and now THE COLUMBIAN is, it seems, the only paper published in that county. We congratulate the editor upon his prosperity, and the wonderful success of the party. Let our county profit by the glorious example of Columbia county. Our majority here can easily be made to reach one thousand, if more liberal views were advocated in certain quarters and the people will themselves make their own selections of leaders and standard-bearers. This fall let us have greater harmony than ever. Let us go to the primary elections, each man voting for his choice, despite the clamorings and misrepresentations of broken down politicians, and when a decision is made abide by it. Not only abide by it, but mark those who do not. Then we will all—must all—work together for the ticket—for upon its success depends the success of all our principles.—*Democratic Guard.*

STATE SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION.—The Annual Convention will be held at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, beginning on Tuesday, June 1st, at ten o'clock, A. M.

Arrangements have been made on a liberal scale, to make this the best Sunday-school Convention yet held in Pennsylvania.

Sunday-school teachers and superintendents, and clergymen interested in the work, are cordially invited to be present, from all parts of the State.

Each Sunday-school is requested to send one or more delegates.

In order to secure entertainment, delegates will please notify the committee at Williamsport, of their intention to attend the Convention. Address as early as possible,

A. UPDEGRAFF, Esq.,
Williamsport, Pa.

Ministers and superintendents throughout the State, and newspapers generally, are requested to give publicity to the fact that a cordial invitation is extended to all Sunday-school workers who can attend this Convention.

The prominent Railroad Companies have agreed to make the customary reduction to delegates who pass over their roads.

GEORGE A. PELTZ, Pres.,
ALFRED TAYLOR, Sec'y.
Of the Pennsylvania Sabbath-School Association.

GENERAL SLOCUM, in his lecture on "Military Lessons of the War," tells the following story in his reference to the battle of Bull Run:—

The influence of our officers over their men, and the state of our discipline, is best illustrated by an incident which occurred on the field in the heat of the battle. An officer, who has since become very prominent and well known throughout the country, was then in command of a brigade on the right of our line. While riding over the field, he discovered a soldier concealed in a hole in the ground which was of just sufficient dimensions to afford him shelter. The General rode up to him, inquired as to his regiment, and ordered him to join it at once. The man, looking him full in the face, placed his thumb upon his nose, and replied, "No you don't, old fellow, you want this hole yourself."

EXTENSIVE ART-GALLERY.—Next to the Bible, no book is more useful than Webster's Dictionary. The Unabridged is an extensive art-gallery, containing over three thousand engravings representing almost every animal, insect, reptile, implement, plant, etc., which we know anything about. It is a vast library, giving information on almost every mentionable subject. It indeed has been well remarked that it is the most remarkable compendium of human knowledge in our language.—*Household Advocate.*

FREAKS OF LIGHTNING.—During the thunder storm on Sunday afternoon last, the pole in front of Mathias Gressle's Eagle Hotel, 369 Centre street, this borough, was struck by lightning. It then glanced off to the iron rod projecting from the corner of the hotel, and to which the sign is attached, and then penetrated the building, stunning Mrs. Gressle and a young lady, and killing three or four favorite young canary birds, and stunning two of the older ones. Fortunately, no further damage was done.—*Poltsville Standard.*

WHAT has become of all the 'rebels,' 'copperheads,' 'ku-kluxes,' and other raw-heads and bloody-bones that used to fill the columns of Radical papers and frighten the Sunday-schools of New England? It looks as if the loil were too much engaged in domestic quarrels to find hard words to throw at other people.

General News.

BOSTON, May 20.—The first mass rehearsal of the Boston singers in the Peace Jubilee chorus, numbering over three thousand, took place in Music Hall last evening, under the superintendence of Carl Zerrhau, and is pronounced by musical critics an extraordinary success. In numbers it was the largest chorus ever assembled in this country.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 20.—A remarkably large and brilliant meteor was observed at 11:10 o'clock to-night. It seemed to grow rapidly from about the size of a star to a large ball of fire, which shot across the heavens from south southwest to east northeast, about forty-five degrees above the horizon, leaving a very large and brilliant trail. It shed a paleish-blue light, much more brilliant than moonlight, casting shadows in the streets and attracting the attention of persons indoors.

PAPER MILL BURNED IN NORRISTOWN.

NORRISTOWN, May 20.—The paper mill of Markley, Smith & Co., at this place, was totally destroyed by fire Tuesday night. The mill has been but lately fitted up with all the new and improved paper machinery. The origin of the fire is, at present, unknown, but is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion. The loss, as near as can be estimated at this time, will be about $30,000, only half covered by insurance.

NASHVILLE, May 21.—The Republican State Convention met this morning. There was a split on the election of temporary Chairman, and a motion was made to adjourn *sine die*, which was carried.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The General Assemblies of the Old and New School Presbyterians met yesterday, and it is highly probable that a reunion of the two branches will be effected. A committee of Conference from each body was appointed for furthering this object.

SCRANTON, May 22.—The miners have held a formal meeting, and voted—for suspension 369, and against it 408. There will consequently be no suspension.

NEW YORK, May 23.—We again have to chronicle two horrid murders, one in the city, where a German named Kobel, made a frightful attack upon his family, smashing his wife's skull and killing one child, a girl, and then shot himself twice, in the breast. At last accounts both he and his wife were alive.

The other was in Westchester county. It seems that Cowan and McDonnell, proprietors of the Rossendale Hotel, Morrissiana, quarrelled, when McDonnell struck his partner on the head with a club, killing him instantly. McDonnell surrendered himself to the authorities.

THE MINERS' STRIKE RESUMED.

SCRANTON, May 24.—This morning an anonymous notice threatening death to any miner who descended the shaft to work was found posted up at the Oxford mine. A wild and most unreasonable panic rapidly spread among the miners. In all but four mines the men refused to work. Everybody has been taken by surprise by this change of front and nothing can be predicted as to the ultimate result.

MAY 24th.—A Helena, Montana, dispatch reports a desperate seven-hours' fight between the men of the settlement of Muscle Shell and about two hundred Santee Sioux, who made an attack on the settlement, and the final repulse of the attacking party, with thirty killed, including a "renegade half-breed," and thirty scalped.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., May 24.—Yesterday afternoon, shortly after three o'clock, a boiler connected with an oil well on the farm of J. W. Humphrey, about three miles from this city, exploded with terrific force. The engineer, whose name is yet unknown, was instantly killed, and the fireman injured in such a manner as to render his recovery doubtful. Fragments of the boiler were thrown a distance of one hundred yards. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

NEW YORK, May 25.—A frightful explosion took place yesterday at the oil works of Weeks & Co., Bulls' Head which resulted in the destruction of property to the value of $150,000 and the wounding more or less of some 20 men.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25.—The First Division of Pennsylvania Militia were reviewed yesterday by Gov. Geary, the Mayor and Members of Common and Select Councils. It is estimated that twenty-five hundred men uniformed and equipped were in the line of parade.

CUBAN SYMPATHY

It is reported that the steamer Quaker City, which has been fitting out below this city for several weeks under suspicious circumstances, was seized after having started for sea. She had changed her name and hoisted a British flag. She was intended for Cuban service.

NEW YORK, May 25.

EXTENSIVE FIRE.

The extensive refinery of Devoe & Pratt located at Hunter's Point, Long Island, was destroyed by fire this morning. The flames extended to the establishment of John Provost, oil merchant, which together with its contents, was consumed. Several adjoining buildings were burned down. A brig lying at the dock also took fire and was burned to the water's edge. The total loss will not fall short of one million dollars. The fire at Hunter's Point is still raging. Over four acres are now burning. Eight propellers and other vessels have been burned so far.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, May 20,—The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to sell gold hereafter, until otherwise ordered, to the extent of $2,000,000 weekly, instead of $1,000,000, as heretofore, on account of the surplus gold still accumulating in the Treasury.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

May 23.—The monthly statement of the public debt for May will show a decrease of $7,000,000.

MOTLEY'S INSTRUCTIONS.

THE most that can be reliably ascertained of the instructions to Minister Motley is that they are more of a general than a specific character, and do not contemplate any speedy action on his part with regard to the Alabama claims. In view of the present sentiment in England upon the subejct, if for no other reason, Mr. Motley will inform her Majesty's government of the desire of our own to adjust all pending questions on a basis that will strengthen the friendly relations between the two countries.

A Reminiscence of the Rebellion.

THE Wheeling (Va.) *Register*, publishes an interesting and curious anecdote concerning the Hampton Roads Conference between President Lincoln and Mr. Seward on the part of the United States, and Messrs. Hunter, Stephens and Campbell on the part of the Southern Confederacy, for the cessation of hostilities and the conclusion of peace. A little previous to this meeting, it will be remembered, Mr. F. P. Blair, Sr., made a mysterious visit to Richmond, —the object and result of which are disclosed in the paragraph to which we refer,—the essential part of which is the following:

"While in Marion, Smyth County, a few days ago, I had the pleasure of several lengthy chats with Hon. Fayette M'Mullin. He says that since the war, he was one day in the President's house in Washington, conversing with Hon. F. Blair, Sr. Mr. Blair told him that soon after M'Mullin's 'peace resolution' had been introduced into the Confederate Congress, Mr. Lincoln, being extremely anxious to bring about a peace, honorable alike to both sections of the country, and *foreseeing, and wishing to avoid, the political consequences of the military subjugation of the South*, sent him (Mr. Blair) to Richmond to confer with Mr. Davis and learn what arrangement of the difficulties could be made. He was passed through the lines of the contending armies and conducted to Mr. Davis' house in Richmond. After a long conversation with Mr. Davis and other prominent gentlemen for whom Mr. Davis sent, and for whom Mr. Blair inquired, Mr. Davis said that he had no proposition to make. Mr. Blair then proposed that General Lee's army be marched into Mexico against the French; that General Grant would follow and support the movement; that the united armies would drive out Maximilian; and then the Southern States should name their own terms of reconstruction, everything short of independence being guaranteed. At Mr. Davis' request this proposititon was made in writing, and, after some consultation and reflection, was *signed and accepted by him*. Mr. Blair returned to Washington and Mr. Lincoln was *highly delighted with the success of the negotiation*. It was in the hope of consummating this arrangement that Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Seward met the 'Peace Commissioners,' Hons. Stephens, Hunter and Campbell, at Fortress Monroe; but there, to Mr. Lincoln's chagrin, the Committee declared that they had been instructed by Mr. Davis to insist upon the independence of the South, and would listen to no other proposal. And thus the whole affair came to a 'most lame and impotent conclusion.'"

THE Princess de-la Tour D'Auvergne has purchased the Mount of Olives, and has presented it to the French Government.

POLITICAL.

Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention for the nomination of candidates for the office of Governor and Judge of the Supreme Court, will meet at 10 o'clock A. M., on WEDNESDAY, July 14th, 1869, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg. By order of the Democratic State Committee.

WM. A. WALLACE, Chairman.
DAVID CALDWELL, Secretary.

Candidates for Nomination.

The following gentlemen have been mentioned for nomination to the several County Offices to be filled by election the present year, and their names will be presented for the consideration of the Democratic County Convention:

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

J. R. JAMESON,
MAIN TOWNSHIP.

PROTHONOTARY,

WELLINGTON H. ENT,
SCOTT TOWNSHIP.

JESSE COLEMAN,
BLOOM TOWNSHIP.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

B. FRANK ZARR,
BEAVER TOWNSHIP.

WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
BLOOM TOWNSHIP.

JOHN SNYDER,
ORANGE TOWNSHIP.

D. B. HAMPTON,
MADISON TOWNSHIP.

TREASURER.

DAVID LOWENBERG,
BLOOM TOWNSHIP.

W. B. KOONS,
BLOOM TOWNSHIP.

J. S. SANDERS,
BERWICK BOROUGH.

COMMISSIONER,

CYRUS ROBBINS,
FISHINGCREEK TOWNSHIP.

H. P. WHITEMAN,
GREENWOOD TOWNSHIP.

Special Notice.

A GREAT REMEDY.
FOR THE CURE OF
THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES.
Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial.

It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree, obtained by a peculiar processin the distillination of the tar, by which its highest medical properties are retained.

It is the only safeguard and reliable remedy which has ever been prepared from the juice of the Pine Tree.

It invigorates the digestive organs and restores the appetite.

It strengthens the debilitated system.

It purifies and enriches the blood, and expels from the system the corruption which scrofula breeds on the lungs.

It dissolves the mucus or phlegm which stops the air-passages of the lungs.

Its healing principle acts upon the irritated surface of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving pain and subduing inflammation.

It is the result of years of study and experiment, and it is offered to the afflicted, with the positive assurance of its power to cure the following diseases, if the patient has not too long delayed a resort to the means of cure:—

Consumption of the Lungs, Cough, Sore Throat, and Breast, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Blind and Bleeding Piles, Asthma, Whooping Cough Diptheria, &c., &c.

We are often asked why are not other remedies in the market for Consumption, Coughs, Colds and other Pulmonary affections equal to Dr. I. C. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial. We answer—

1st. It cures, not by stopping cough, but by loosening and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter collected about the throat and bronchial tubes, causing irritation and cough.

2d. Most Throat and Lung Remedies are composed of anodynes, which allay the cough for awhile but by their constringing effects, the fibres become hardened, and the unhealthy fluids coagulate and are retained in the system, causing disease beyond the control of our most eminent physicians.

3d. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial, with its assistants, are preferable, because they remove the cause of irritation of the mucous membrane and bronchial tubes, assist the lungs to act and throw off the unhealthy secretions, and purify the blood, thus scientifically making the cure perfect.

Dr. Wishart has on file at his office hundreds and thousands of Certificates, from Men and Women of unquestionable character who were once hopelessly given up to die, but through the providence of God were completely restored to health by the Pine Tree Tar Cordial. A Physician in attendance who can be consulted in person or by mail, free of charge. Price of Pine Tree Tar Cordial $1.50 per Bottle, $11 per doz. Sent by Express on receipt of price. Address, "I. C. Wishart, M. D. No 22 North 2d St. Philadelphia Pa.

May 21,'69-3m

FOR NEAT AND CHEAP JOB PRINTING,
Call at The Columbian Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAMMOTH GROCERY.
J. H. MAIZE,
MAIN AND IRON STREET, BLOOMSBURG PA.
THE CHOICEST GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest market rates.
COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
May 28,'69-3m

BRIARCREEK BOUNTY EXCESS FUND
AUDITORS' STATEMENT.
J. C. Smith and Jno. Kisner Supervisors for year 1868.

DR.		
To cash of different persons and committees		$1571 42
To unpaid notes and subscription	$1049 77	
To amount not subscribed or paid	908 27	
To balance due Smith & Kisner		1958 04
		$3572 46
CR.		
By cash paid J. G. Jacoby paymaster Volunteers		$3514 10
By commission on $1571 42 at 2½ per cent		39 36
By cash paid auditors for this account		6 00
By Smith services		2 00
		$3562 46

The undersigned have examined the above account and find it to be correct. We find balance due Smith & Kisner one thousand nine hundred and eighty-eight dollars, and four cents. Audited by authority act of assembly approved 12th, day of March A. D. 1869.
Briarcreek, April 30, '69.
JNO. H. SMITH, WM. LAMON, STEPHEN MICHAEL, } Auditors.
May 28,'69-3t

BRIARCREEK BOUNTY FUND.
AUDITORS' STATEMENT.
J. C. Smith Collector of bounty tax.

DR.	
To balance, auditors' statement May 24th, 1867	$1,241 08
To amount of duplicates 1867 & 1868	8,438 94
To cash from Co. Tres. unseated land tax 1866	110 06
To cash from Co. Tres. unseated land tax 1868	102 64
	$9,892 72
CR.	
By bonds redeemed	$3,270 03
By interest paid on bonds	1,168 01
By commissions	118 60
By expenses	39 22
By balance unpaid and uncollected	5,276 83
	$9,892 72

The undersigned have examined the above account and find it to be correct.
Briarcreek, April 30, '69.
JNO. H. SMITH, WM. LAMON, STEPHEN MICHAEL, } Auditors.
May 28,'69-3t

AUSTIN & CO'S
GREAT ONE DOLLAR SALE.
SPRING CIRCULARS.
Will be issued and ready for Agents and customers on and after April 26th, containing the largest and most liberal Exchange and Premium List ever issued.
Agents or Clubs of Thirty and upwards, will have their premiums increased one-fourth when all the checks are returned.
WORK FOR US AND WE WILL WORK FOR YOU.
Agents wanted everywhere. Circulars sent free. Address.
AUSTIN & CO.
32 & 36 Federal, and 107, 111, 113 Congress Streets, BOSTON, MASS.
May 28,'69-3t

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE
FOR THE SIXTH DISTRICT.
In the great work of emancipating mankind from the thraldom of ignorance, superstition and barbarism, the Teacher holds a very responsible office; and that Teacher who has a comprehensive and a clear apprehension of the nature of the work intrusted in his hands, will gladly embrace every opportunity for personal improvement as well as the elevation of his office.
In compliance with a request from many such teachers we have made arrangements to hold a special Term adapted to the wants of all grades of Teachers. Able Professors will give class drills and daily lectures upon methods of Teaching and management of Schools. Many of the Distinguished Educators of this and other States have been invited and are expected to attend and give us the benefit of their experience, and we can but hope and trust that very many of the Teachers of our State will come and enjoy a season of refreshing, and spend at least a part of their vacation in study and, making the acquaintance of, and in comparing notes with other live teachers.
Come then and let us all unite in moving forward the great cause of human amelioration. We expect to have our fine Boarding Hall furnished so that a large number of the teachers can board in the Institution, and it seems fitting that a convention of teachers should be the first to occupy that noble structure.
A cordial invitation is extended to all the County Superintendents to take part in the preparations and exercises, also School Directors to visit the School. It will afford Directors a good opportunity to secure good teachers and good teachers good positions.
We will furnish Text Books for the benefit of the teachers excepting in cases where a teacher wishes to study some particular Author, in which case they will bring their own. The expense for Board, Books and Tuition, will be five dollars per week and teachers can stay as long or short a time as their circumstances require.
The Term will commence June 28th and continue until the opening of Fall Term Aug. 9, 1869.
For further information address
HENRY CARVER, A. M.
Principal of Bloomsburg State Normal School.
May 28,'69-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

LAZARUS & MORRIS'
CELEBRATED
PERFECTED SPECTACLES
AND EYE GLASSES.
—:o:—
One of the firm will be at the Store of their Agent,
Miss A. D. WEBB,
STATIONER,
BLOOMSBURG PA.,
One (1) day only
Monday June 14th, 1869.
He attends for the purpose of assisting
Miss A. D. WEBB,
IN FITTING THE EYE IN DIFFICULT OR UNUSUAL CASES.
Those suffering from impaired or diseased vision are recommended to avail themselves of this opportunity
OUR SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES
ARE ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE
THE MOST PERFECT
assistance to sight ever manufactured, and can always be relied upon as affording perfect ease and comfort while strengthening and preserving the Eyes most thoroughly
We take occasion to notify the Public that we employ no pedlars, and to caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.
Feb. 19, '69.-1y.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND Catarrh treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear, (his specialty) in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 15 years experience*, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 815 Arch Street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.
Jan. 19, '69.-1yr

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all branches of operations in the line of his profession. Teeth which will be inserted on Gold, Silver and rubber base to look as well as natural teeth. Teeth extracted by the most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly performed.
Residence and office a few doors South of Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 31, '69tf

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.
W. M. MONROE & CO.
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to fill their custom with dispatch, and on reasonable terms.

CHARTER OAK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Mr. R. W. Sweeny agent for Columbia and Luzerne Counties. Dear Sir,
I take pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of five thousand dollars from your agency for the insurance on the life of my son Calvin B. Reitsnyder, and take pleasure in recommending the CHARTER OAK LIFE IN

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MAY 28, 1869.

FOR SALE.—A first-rate tank, nearly new, holding several hogsheads, will be sold cheap. Inquire at this office.

THE following correct answer to the enigma in last week's COLUMBIAN was given by Edmund Lelievre of this place. "THE COLUMBIAN."

WE would call the attention of our readers to the article in the Agricultural column, on the "Peach Tree." It was written by a gentleman who has given much attention to the subject.

BY mistake it was stated in last week's COLUMBIAN that the announcement of candidates would not be made until June 11. The names will be found in the present number.

WE call attention this week to the advertisement of Lazarus & Morris, and can recommend the spectacles which they offer, as being the best we have ever seen. Miss A. D. Webb is agent for Bloomsburg.

MUSIC.—We doubt not that Bloomsburg will soon have a first-class quartette. Our knowledge is derived from the fact that we have heard them practicing for several evenings near our house.

THE community have been regularly cheated out of their Spring, this year. Cold, damp days with scarcely a ray of sun still mark the season and summer is at hand. It is a wonder that vegetation has advanced as far as it has.

IT would be well for our farmers to keep a sharp lookout for horse thieves, as a gang of these adroit rascals has been operating in neighbouring counties and may visit this. Horses have been taken in Lewisburg, Milton and Shillisquaque.

THE constitutionality of the Act of Assembly repealing the 20th Judicial District, came up before the Supreme Court on Monday last but was postponed until July 1st on account of the absence of Judge Reed, a full bench being desired.

THE third annual Meeting of the Pennsylvania Reserve Association will take place at West Chester, on Tuesday June 1st. Gov. Curtin, the President of the organization, will preside. Excursion tickets we are informed will be issued. There should be a general turnout from this section.

THAT distinguished citizen of African persuasion known in the community as "Archie" having devoted himself rather too closely to the absorption of "benzine" on Tuesday night became involved in a difficulty with another "cullud gemman," and was put in durance vile therefor, but discharged on the following morning.

WE have received by mail the following communication:

"Please send my paper to Ottawa, Franklin county Kansas." As there is no name signed, and as we have no subscriber at the place postmarked on the envelope, we are unable to comply with the request.

WE would warn our editorial brethren not to insert any notice of a *patent churn* now being offered for sale by two men named HOLLEN & BARDINE, unless such notice is prepaid. We were green enough to do so, and were decidedly "stuck." Ordinary Christian charity prompts us to try and save any of our craft who might be as soft as we were.

WE announce this week the names of candidates for nomination to the several County offices to be filled at the next election. In addition there will be two district offices to be filled, to wit, State Senator and Representative in the Legislature. For the former our Convention will doubtless nominate Mr. Buckalew and for the latter Hon. Geo. Scott who is entitled to a re-election under the usages of the district.

MURDER TRIAL.—We are under obligations to Mr. Brockway, of THE COLUMBIAN, for a copy of his very interesting pamphlet on the trial of the Rea murder, in that county. It is well gotten up, and gives a full account of the evidence and all the proceedings connected with the trial. We are much obliged to him for the book, which he has for sale at only 25 cents a copy.—*Montour American.*

THE COURT HOUSE.—We cordially endorse the suggestion of our cotemporary as to the propriety of hiring the Court House to persons desiring its use for a reasonable rent. It would add to the revenue of the county, and do no injury to the room. To make the place desirable, however, there should be two good chandeliers put in it, as the present dilapidated concern gives a very feeble light. During Court, Judges and attorneys have been obliged to supply their own lamps.

"BUSTER" FRY was arrested on Wednesday last by Constable Woodward and taken to jail for drunkenness and outrageously disorderly conduct. Fry is always quarrelsome and profane when in liquor and it is to be hoped that his arrest will have some beneficial effect on him, and on some of his companions whose excesses are a disgrace to the community. The action of Constable Woodward is to be commended and it is to be hoped he may be always on hand at such times.

Fry was committed to jail in default of bail to appear at next term of Court.

IF a stranger who had seen Bloomsburg two years ago should revisit it now, he would scarcely recognise the place. Every where are improvements and additions going forward, and Main Street will soon contain no buildings which are of questionable beauty. Robbins & Eyer's new store is advancing rapidly towards completion and will be a vast improvement on the unsightly wooden house which formerly stood on the corner. Stohner is hard at work at his new Hotel building. Lutz has nearly finished his new Drug Store and the fine Episcopal Church is daily assuming shape and beauty. There is no doubt that Bloomsburg now offers strong attractions both as a place of residence and of business.

THE latest thing in bonnets is a cabbage leaf trimmed with three peppers and a cherry. It sells for thirty-five dollars and is called the jockey.

THE sale of the personal property of Wm. M. Ent, dec'd will take place at Light-Street, Saturday June 5th 1869. It consists of a large lot of Cook and other stoves, tinware and household furniture.

WE see by our exchanges that the Commissioners of several counties have on inquiry of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, learned that the bill exempting money at interest from taxes did not pass. It will, therefore, be taxable as heretofore.

ELISHA ROBBINS of Jackson Township brought into our office on Wednesday last a bear cub about three months old, which was one of three captured by himself and Thomas Cole, on North Mountain, a week or so since. It is very tame and would make an amusing pet for any one with time and patience sufficient to teach it the tricks which the bear tribe so readily learn.

THE citizens of Bloomsburg were agreeably entertained on Wednesday, by sundry fights, all of which were caused by whiskey. We never remember to have seen the town in a more demoralized condition. It would be well to have deputy constables sworn in on circus days, and the like, to arrest disorderly characters and fine them heavily. This would help the county funds and the public comfort.

AN ERROR.—We notice a statement in a number of our exchanges that among the general laws passed at the late session of the legislature was one increasing the amount of property exempt from levy and sale on execution from $300 to $500. This is an error. An act to this effect passed the House of Representatives, but it failed to get through the Senate.

WE are indebted to Capt. C. B. Brockway, of THE COLUMBIAN, for a pamphlet copy of the trial of Thomas Donahue, charged with the murder of Alexander W. Rea. It is a book of 92 pages and is very well printed for a country office. To have rendered it complete, it should have contained the very interesting and eloquent pleadings of the counsel on either side; of course this would have swelled the volume to nearly double its present size. The evidence presented, will however suffice to allow every man to form an opinion for himself, without relying upon the coloring usually given by counsel, and perhaps it is best. Price 25 cents.—*Berwick Gazette.*

Meeting of the Agricultural Society.

BLOOMSBURG, May 22, 1869.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the Columbia County Agricultural, Horticultural and Mechanical Association, was held in the Court House, in Bloomsburg at 2 o'clock p. m.

The meeting was called to order by the President, Jacob Harris, who also stated the objects of the meeting and the order in which the business should be transacted. The Secretary's report and the minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

On motion of C. B. Brockway, Jacob Harris was nominated for President of the Association for the ensuing year.

The nominations for President were then closed, by unanimous consent, and on motion of Wm. Neal, Mr. Brockway was appointed to make the casting vote of the Society for President.

James Masters and C. G. Barkley were appointed tellers for the meeting, who announced the election of Mr. Harris.

On motion of W. H. Bradley the salary of the Secretary was fixed at one hundred dollars for the ensuing year.

Wm. Neal moved that the salary of Treasurer be fixed at seventy-five dollars a year, which was amended by Wm. Peacock and amendment accepted by Mr. Neal, fixing the Treasurer's salary for the ensuing year at one hundred dollars. After considerable discussion, by vote of the Association the motion was negatived.

There were several propositions made in regard to the investment of the funds of the Society with offers and assurances of responsible persons that the money in the hands of the present Treasurer should warrant six per cent interest and the performance of all the duties of Treasurer, whereupon E. Mendenhall and Wm. B. Koons were nominated for the office of Treasurer under the requisition of paying six per cent for the surplus moneys in the hands of Treasurer.

On ballot E. Mendenhall received 40 votes and Wm. B. Koons 19. E. Mendenhall was declared elected. B. F. Hartman was by a casting vote given by R. F. Clark, elected Librarian.

On motion of Mr. Neal, E. J. McHenry, of Fishingcreek township, Joseph P. Conner of Centre, Conrad Kreamer, of Madison, J. H. Ikeler of Greenwood Wm. T. Shuman of Maine, R. F. Clark Esq., of Bloom, were elected members of the Executive Committee for the ensuing year, after which the meeting adjourned.

JACOB HARRIS, Prest.
E. R. IKELER, Sec.

MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

BLOOMSBURG, May 22, 1869.

Immediately after the adjournment of the fourteenth annual meeting of the Columbia County Agricultural, Horticultural and Mechanical Association, the Executive Committee met in the same place and elected J. H. Ikeler, Chairman.

Upon investigation of the printer's bills and receipts of last year, it was ascertained that there was due C. B. Brockway $15.00.

On application of Henry Zuppinger, John Vanliew, J. F. Stoker and Wm. Reichart, for premiums on articles exhibited last year, upon which a premium was offered but none awarded by judges, the Secretary was ordered to draw orders on the Treasurer as follows to wit, in favor of C. B. Brockway, $15.00; in favor of Henry Zuppinger, $4.00; J. F. Stoker, $4.00; John Vanliew, $1.50; William Reichart, $1.50.

B. F. Hartman and E. R. Ikeler were appointed a committee to lease out the Fair Grounds from the first of June to the first of October 1869.

On motion, the meeting adjourned to meet at the office of E. R. Ikeler, in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 29th inst at one o'clock p. m.

J. H. IKELER, Chairman.
E. R. IKELER, Sec.

Communicated.

THE series of *Public Lectures*, delivered under the auspices of the Centralia Lodge No. 586 I. O. O. F., having terminated, the Committee on behalf of the Lodge, as well as the citizens of Centralia, take this opportunity to thank the gentlemen who so magnanimously assisted in the good work by their free contributions of food for the mind.

The course was commenced on Thursday evening, November 26th, 1868, by Rev. J. A. Dixon of Mount Carmel. His subject, "Formation of Human Character," was well chosen and admirably handled; elucidating many points of interest, especially to the young. The second Lecture by Rev. D. Washburn of Ashland, Pa. "Progress of History" discovered a most profound research as well as a mind of the highest order.—Any eulogy of ours upon the character or qualifications of Mr. Washburn, would be but feeble praise indeed. The next Lecture was delivered by Dr. E. L. Betterly on the "Character of Woman." This lecture was a decided hit, and was received by a large and appreciative audience. The Doctor is not only a fluent speaker, but his language at times is truly beautiful. The fourth Lecture, by J. Harry James, Esq., subject, "Our People," was well calculated to call into action every energy, and every emotion of the young man's ardent nature. It was well handled and will be remembered by those of his friends who heard him, as another evidence of his growing popularity. Mr. Jomes was followed by James Bryson, Jr. Esq. Subject, "Last words of Webster," ('I still live'), and here we had an example of his excellent imaginative powers, which, in conjunction with his full, round voice, and inimitable gesticulations prove, beyond a doubt, that Mr. Bryson has not mistaken his calling, but on the contrary that his forte is the rostrum.

The sixth Lecture of the series is deserving of especial notice. The subject was "Objects in Life," delivered by Henry S. Boner, Esq., of Ashland, Pa. Knowing Mr. Boner's executive abilities, we expected a good discourse, and we were not disappointed. His early training has developed discipline and mental qualities in him which are truly enviable. We come next to notice the lecture on "Music," by Rev. A. M. Creighton of Ashland. Mr. Creighton's discourse upon music was highly entertaining as well as instructive. It called forth much applause and excited no small amount of mirth.

The course was concluded on Thursday evening April 29th, 1869 by Rev. S. Curtis, of Ashland. Subject, "The End." All sublunary things must have an end; and the Reverend gentleman embraced the present occasion to enforce the observance of that end which awaits us all. J. J. HOAGLAND,
CENTRALIA, May 21, '69. Chairman.

Communicated.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN:—I had the pleasure of capturing the largest trout last Saturday evening, I have ever caught. A brief description of the *modus operandi* may interest a portion of your readers. I had a nice little wood rod, silk and hair line with a small fly. The place where I caught it is opposite our village and known as Masters' Mill Dam. Previous to this I had hooked him, but in my efforts to lift him upon the sheeting of the dam, he would break the line or hook and escape. On this occasion I tried a new plan; after he came to the surface and took the fly and found he was fast, I plunged into the stream below the sheeting, and there the struggle commenced; his efforts to extricate himself were most terrific, sometimes he would run in a circle, and then again strike off in a straight line, so swiftly at one time that I had to let go the rod to prevent his breaking loose. The excitement at this stage of the proceeding was intense, (although I am not of an excitable nature.) Again seizing the rod, I gradually worked him toward a little island, some twenty yards below, wading backwards and keeping my eye on the line and the movements of the fish, and finally drew him out on dry land and secured him. I carried him to town and weighed him, his weight was 2lbs and 2oz, and he measured 17½ inches in length. He made a fine meal for our family and some friends. In conclusion I would say, Mr. Editor, this magnificent fish cost me nothing in the way of *calico*.

J. J. MCHENRY.
Benton, May 24, 1869.

Local Notices.

FREE LUNCH!—There will be a free lunch daily, hereafter, at the Exchange saloon. All the delicacies of the season served in the best style at short notice.*

DON'T LEAVE TOWN, without calling on our enterprising merchants Miller & Wolf and looking over their splendid stock of goods. Our lady friends will find the freshest, neatest, prettiest Dress Goods to be had in town. They have all the latest patterns and can hardly fail to suit any taste.

WE would call attention to the fine assortment of Spring goods now offered by Julia A. Barkley. The newest and prettiest Dress Patterns and trimmings from the well known establishment of Mrs. Binder in Philadelphia have just been received. Dress and Cloak making attended to. The ladies should certainly call on her. 3t.

THE increasing number of sudden and unexpected deaths occurring in our midst, warn us to secure some certain sum for the benefit of our families should the Destroying Angel visit us. There is no better way than to take out a policy in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the oldest and wealthiest Company in the United States. Assets thirty-two millions of dollars. F. COOLEY, Agent,
Columbian Office.

WE are indebted to C. B. Brockway, editor and proprietor of the Bloomsburg COLUMBIAN, for a pamphlet copy of the evidence in the "Rea Homicide" trial. THE COLUMBIAN is one of the best and ablest Democratic papers in this section of the State. In fact it is he only Democratic paper which has met the expectations of the Democracy of Columbia county, and we congratulate friend Brockway upon his abundant success. It is the only Democratic organ at the county seat—no factional paper now being published there—and as a consequence the Democratic party in that county are united, harmonious and strong.—*Sunbury Democrat.*

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1 70
Rye "	1 25
Corn "	90
Oats, "	65
Flour per barrel	11 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Flaxseed	2 00
Butter	30
Eggs	18
Tallow	12
Potatoes	75
Dried Apples	2 50
Hams	25
Sides and Shoulders	20
Lard per pound	25
Hay per ton	16 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	8 00
" " 2 " "	7 00
Siding " " ft.	18 00

IRON—

No. 1 Scotch pig	$42
No. 2 "	40
Bloom	39

Light Street Markets.

Corrected weekly by Peter Ent, wholesale and retail dealer in grain, flour & feed and general merchandize.

Wheat per bushel	$1 50
Rye " "	1 30
Corn " "	10
Buck Wheat "	1 00
Oats "	70
Wheat Flour per 100 lbs	5 00
Buck Wheat Flour	4 50
Corn Chop,	2 00
Bran,	1 50
Butter per lb	35
Eggs per doz.,	18
Potatoes pr bus	70
Dried Apples "	2 00
Smoked Side meat pr lb	18
" Shoulder "	20
" Ham "	23
Lard " lb	18

Philadelphia Markets.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$5.00@5.25
Northwestern extra	5.50@6.25
Northwestern family	7.00@7.75
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	5.00@6.50
Pennsylvania and Western extra	5.75@6.75
Pennsylvania and Western family	8.00@11.00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	11.50@13.25
Rye flour	$7.25
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ₰ bus	$1.60@1.70
Southern " "	$2.60@2.70
California " "	$3.30
" white "	$3.15@3.10
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ₰ bus	$1.40@1.45
CORN—Yellow, "	80@1.00
White, "	$1.17@1.17
OATS—Bus	70@80
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ₰ bbl	$31.00
Mess Beef, "	$21.00
Dressed Hogs, ₰ lb	8½@9c
Smoked Hams "	17@19c
" Shoulders ₰ lb	13c
Lard, ₰ lb	17@20c
SEEDS—Cloverseed ₰ bus	$7.00@8.75
Timothyseed ₰ bus	$4.75
Flaxseed "	$2.75
CATTLE—Select Cattle ₰ lb	9@11½c
Cows, ₰ head	13@$50
SHEEP—₰ lb	8@9c
HOGS—₰ 100 lbs	$16@17.50

Marriages.

BROWN—CRAGLE.—On May the 16th by Rev. S. S. Henry, Mr. Jonas Brown, to Miss Elizabeth Cragle, both of Dorrance, Luzerne County.

MILLARD—MOWRER.—May 20, by the Rev. A. R. Hottenstein, Albert C. Millard of Mifflinville to Miss Kate A. Mowrer of New Mahony Carbon County Pa.

EISENHART—BERGER.—On the 20th inst., by Rev. Wm. J. Eyer, Mr. Samuel Eisenhart to Miss Elizabeth Berger, both of Union township Schuylkill co, Pa.

MOSS—DAVENPORT.—At Town Hill, May 16, by Rev. E. Wadsworth, Mr. Joseph B. Moss, of Benton, Pa., to Miss Mary E. Davenport of Benton, Pa.

MILLARD—FORTNER.—On Tuesday, 20th inst, by Rev. H. G. Bill, Mr. Oscar P. Millard, of Centralia, to Miss Alice M. Fortner, daughter of B. F. Fortner, Esq., of Catawissa.

Deaths.

PECK.—In Berwick, on the 18th inst., very suddenly, Mrs. Sarah Peck, aged 62 years and 16 days.

SUTTON.—At Lewisburg May 8th 1869, Charles Evans, son of T. M. and Nancy Sutton, aged 8 months, 2 weeks and 2 days.

He died in the season of blossoms,
Mid the heart cheering music of birds,
When Nature was vocal with praises,
More sweet than are uttered in words.

We decked him with spring's brightest flowers
And laid him away in the grave,
Committing forever our darling,
To Him that is able to save,

Hope lessens the depth of our sorrow,
Faith clings to the comforting word,
For Christ the assurance has given
"Of such is the Kingdom of God."

Go, little one, go to thy Saviour,
He has made it thy pleasure to come
And dwell in His presence forever,
Away in His beautiful home.

WITHOUT A GOOD DIGESTION.

All other temporal blessings are comparatively worthless. The dyspeptic millionaire who has tried all the potions of the medical profession in vain, and believes his complaint to be incurable, would give half his fortune to be freed from the horrors of indigestion, and thus enabled to enjoy the other half. *Of course he would.*

Perhaps HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS has been recommended to such a sufferer. Possibly he has turned from the friend who made the suggestion with a sneer, intimating that he has *no faith* in any "patent medicine." If this has been the case, *so much the worse for him.* His incredulity dooms him to a life of misery. All the luxuries which wealth can purchase are at his command. Not one of them can give him pleasure. His own irrational obstinacy is his bane.

The *masses*, happily for themselves, are less skeptical. There is such a thing as *bigoted unbelief*, as well as *bigoted credulity*, and a golden mean between the two, which men and women who are gifted with common sense adopt and profit by, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. Why do they approve this famous anti-dyspeptic and anti-bilious preparation? Simply because they have not been so much the slaves of senseless prejudice to give it a fair trial, and have found that when all other tonics, stimulants and stomachics failed, it produced the desired effect.

"Strike, but hear," said the Roman sage when his ignorant enemies were assailing him. "Doubt, but try," says the man who has been cured of indigestion, or biliousness, or intermittent fever, by the Bitters, as he relates his experience of the medicine to his invalid friends. Whoever is so wedded to his own foregone theoretical conclusions, as to decline to test the properties of a medicine endorsed by the testimony of intelligent men in every walk of life, and approved by the people at large, *deserves to suffer.*

LEGAL NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PHILIP M. STEELY, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Philip M. Steely, late of Mifflinville, Columbia County, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county, to I. K. Schweppenheiser of the same place. All persons having claims or demands against the said estate are requested to present them for settlement without delay, and those indebted to make payment.

May 7,'69-6t* I. K. SCHWEPPENHEISER, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF GEORGE BREISCH, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of George Breisch late of Catawissa twp., Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Joseph Breisch of Catawissa twp. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment. JOSEPH BREISCH,
Apr. 23,'69-6t. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PETER K. HERBEIN, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Peter K. Herbein of Locust township, Columbia county, have been granted by the Register of said county, to Rolandus Herbein of Locust. All persons having claims or demands against the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment. ROLANDUS HERBEIN,
Apr. 30,'69-6t. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF WILLIAM M. ENT DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Wm. M. Ent, late of Scott township, Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Peter Ent of said township. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment. PETER ENT,
Apr. 30,'69. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOSEPH KIKENDALL DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Kikendall of Mifflin township Columbia county deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Stephen Kikendall of Nescopec, Luzerne County Pennsylvania. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment. STEPHEN KIKENDALL,
May 21,'69-6t.* Administrator.
Nescopec, Pa.

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN AND beautiful complexion follows the use of Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FIRST CLASS GOODS.
RARE BARGAINS.

The subscriber has just thoroughly restocked his Store, in Catawissa, lately occupied by M. Nisch & Brennan, and now offers for sale

A COMPLETE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

Groceries and general merchandise which for quality and variety will compare favorably with any in the country. He has a fresh assortment of

SPRING GOODS

which he will dispose of for cash or country produce. Among his Dry Goods will be found all the latest and best patterns of

MUSLINS,
GINGHAMS,
CALICOES,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS,
SILKS,
CASSIMERES,
BROADCLOTHS,
COTTONADES,
JEANS &c., &c.
GROCERIES,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE
CEDARWARE
DRUGS, OILS,
PAINTS,
VARNISHES &c.

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES

and, in fact, a complete line of goods, belonging to his business. As he buys and sells for cash he can afford to keep his prices as low if not lower than most dealers. His motto is

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

COAL OF ALL KINDS

Constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest market rates.

MORO PHILLIPS PHOSPHATE,

Especial attention paid to the selection of Building material, Cutlery, Mechanics' Tools, and Hardware of all kinds, to which the attention of builders and others is requested.

GRAIN PURCHASED.

A fair share of public custom is desired and no efforts will be omitted to give entire satisfaction.

JOSEPH B. KNITTLE.
Apr. 16,69-6m Catawissa, Pa.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINE
HEADS THE LIST,

And leads the column 4,868 ahead of all others. This Machine is the

MOST POPULAR IN USE.

It uses the finest needle of any Machine in existence.

Any lady wanting a good

SEWING MACHINE,

Will consult her own interests by buying a SINGER. It is easier to run, learn and keep in order than any Machine in the world.

OVER 350,000 OF THEM IN USE.

The fullest instruction given those who purchase, and the Machine WILL BE WARRANTED to you for one year.

Please call at my Store and satisfy yourselves. Here you will find Needles, Thread and Silk.

April 3,'68-tf. DAVID LOWENBERG, Agent.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A FARMER'S BOOK OF GREAT VALUE.
HOW TO MAKE THE FARM PAY!
OR THE FARMER'S BOOK
OF PRACTICAL INFORMATION
ON AGRICULTURE, STOCK RAISING, FRUIT CULTURE, SPECIAL CROPS, DOMESTIC ECONOMY AND FAMILY MEDICINE.
BY C. W. DICKERMAN,
Member of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society, American Pomological Society, Pennsylvania Horticultural Society, etc, etc.
ASSISTED BY HON. CHARLES L. FLINT, Secretary Mass., State Board of Agriculture, AND OTHER PRACTICAL AGRICULTURAL WRITERS.
THIS USEFUL WORK
TREATS PRACTICALLY OF THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:

The Laying Out and Construction of Stone and Tile Drains.—The Theory and Practice of Plowing.—The Husbanding and Application of Manures.—The Purchase and Use of Commercial Fertilizers.—The Selection, Use, and Care of Implements.—The Culture of all the Grains, Grasses, Cereals, and Roots.—The Cultivation of Special Crops, such as, Cotton, Tobacco, Hops, Flax, Hemp, etc, etc.—The Breeding and Management of Stock of all kinds, Horses, Cattle, Dairy Stock, Sheep, Swine, Goats, Poultry, and Bees.—The Symptoms of every Disease of Domestic Animals, with Plain, Simple, and Easily Obtained Remedies.—Fruit Culture in all its Branches; Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Small Fruits, Grape Culture, and Wine Making.—Market Gardening, Farmers' Gardens, Vegetables, Melons, etc.—Farm Buildings, Houses, Barns, Sheds, Sheep Barns, Stables, Piggeries and Poultry Houses.—Domestic Economy, Receipts of all Kinds.—Domestic Medicines, the Symptoms of Diseases of Children and Adults, with Plain Directions for the Treatment of Diseases.

CONDITIONS.

The Work will contain over SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY OCTAVO PAGES, on heavy paper, in new type, and will be illustrated with

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY FINE ENGRAVINGS by Sartain and other artists, and will be furnished to those only who order it or any agent. Plain Directions for the Treatment of Diseases.

M. C. M'CULLUM, Bloomsburg Pa.
Agent for Columbia County,
Apr. 2,69-tf

NATIONAL
LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS
APPROVED JULY 25, 1868,

CASH CAPITAL, - $1,000,000.
PAID IN FULL.

BRANCH OFFICE:
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA,

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

OFFICERS:

CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice-President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company offers the following advantages:
It is a National Company, Chartered by special act of Congress, 1868.
It has a paid-up capital of $1,000,000.
It offers low rates of premium.
It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money.
It is definite and certain in its terms.
It is a home company in every locality.
Its policies are exempt from attachment;
There are no unnecessary restrictions in the policies.
Every policy is non-forfeitable.
Policies may be taken which pay to the insured their full amount, and return all the premiums, so that the insurance costs only the interest on the annual payments.
No extra rate is charged for risks upon the lives of females.
It insures, not to pay dividends to policy-holders, but at so low a cost that dividends will be impossible.
Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company, or to

E. W. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia,
General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.
JOEL E. BRADLEY, Bloomsburg Pa.,
Special Agent for Montour & Columbia Counties
Feb. 19,'69-1yr.

THOSE WHO DESIRE Brilliancy of Complexion must purify and enrich the blood, which Helmbold's Concentrated Extract of Sarsaparilla invariably does. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

MERCHANDISE.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,

at his store on

Main Street, two doors above the American House
Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of

CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.
DAVID LOWENBURG.

MERCHANDISE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To my friends and the public generally, that all kinds of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
NOTIONS, &C.,

are constantly on hand and for sale

AT BARTON'S OLD STAND,
BLOOMSBURG, BY
JAMES K. EYER.

Agent, Sole Agent for ELLIS' PHOSPHATE OF LIME. Large lot constantly on hand. [feb6'67.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY
OF
DRESS GOODS,
AT THE NEW
STORE, BROWER'S BUILDING,

The splendid rooms of J. J. BROWER, are completed and now open to the public with the

FINEST STOCK

ever offered in Bloomsburg. All the

NEWEST STYLES

of Dress Goods, Silks, Cloths, Cassimeres, Linens, Flannels &c,

CARPETS

of every style and for all prices. Oil Cloths in great variety.

A full line of

SUPERIOR GROCERIES.

Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Spices,

warranted pure and good.

GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,

in carefully assorted variety.

GLOVES, HOSIERY,

HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS AND A COMPLETE assortment of

WHITE GOODS,

The public are earnestly invited to examine these fine goods, before purchasing elsewhere and are guaranteed satisfaction. No expense or trouble has been spared to make

THE MOST COMPLETE

establishment in this section of the State.

J. J. BROWER.
May 7,'69-tf Bloomsburg Pa.

MAY LIST AT I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT CARPETS
FROM 37½ cts. TO $1.65
PER YARD GO TO I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT BLACK
ALPACA FOM 30 cts. TO $1.50
PER YARD GO TO
I. W HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD
AND NICE SUMMER SHAWL
GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT FANCY
CLOTH FOR A SACK GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT A NICE
SET OF WHITE WARE GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT COCHECO
PRINTS FOR SPRING, STRIPE
AND BARRED, GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT STRIPE
COLLARS AND CUFFS FOR
LADIES OR GENTS GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S

IF YOU WANT A NICE
AND GOOD MACKERAL BY THE
SINGLE, A HALF OR QUARTER
BARREL GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

IF YOU WANT DRESS
GOODS FROM 20 cts. TO $1.25
PER YARD STRIPE AND FIG'RD.
GO TO
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stog a boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stog a shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's sleeve kid Balmorals shoes, men's, women's, boy's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and call shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short loads of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.

He would also call attention to his fine assortment of

HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS.

which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.

Dec. 6'67*

GET THE BEST.

Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod is the best protection against disaster by lightning ever invented. The subscriber is agent for the above invention, and all orders by mail or by person will be promptly attended to.

May 15,'68 E. B. BIDLEMAN.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

LOOK, READ, AND LEARN,
THAT THE
Great Shoshonees Remedy!
OF THE CELEBRATED INDIAN
DR. LEWIS JOSHEPHUS,

of the distinguished Tribe of Shoshonees, Columbia Territory is now for sale in the Union.

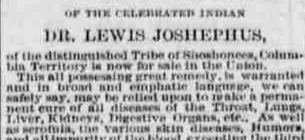
This all possessing great remedy, is warranted and in broad and emphatic language, we can safely say, may be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, etc., As well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, Humors, and all impurity of the blood, excepting the third stage of Consumption.

In Canada where this great remedy has been in use for a short time it has indeed effected some of the most marvelous cures ever recorded in the annals of historical medicine. Such being the case in addition to its former renown in Columbia Territory we defy humanity to dispute the fact that this Great Shoshonees Remedy is the remedy of remedies of the 19th Century, and the greatest boon ever laid at the altar of suffering humanity.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.25.

Manufactured by Dr. Young & Bros., at Syracuse, N. Y.

For sale by all dealers in Medicine.



DRUGGISTS WRITE THUS OF THE GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY!
(ABSTRACTS OF LETTERS.)

DR. YOUNG & BRO.—I find my sales of your valuable Remedies greatly increasing. In fact your Great Shoshonees Remedy is giving the best of satisfaction, and doing just as its recommended to do, several having even come in to tell me how much they had been benefited from its use. I have sold out of it again, etc, etc.

WILLARD N. SMITH.

Sherman, N. Y., March, 29th, 1869.

DR. YOUNG & BRO.—I started your Great Shoshonees Remedy by giving away one bottle to a confirmed Dyspeptic, the result has been ample. It gives universal satisfaction, more than any other medicine we have had in the store for years. From what I have seen of the Shoshonees, I feel justified in recommending it. Send me six doz. more, it will sell in three months, etc.

DYSON FENNER.

Watertown, N. Y., March 15th, 1869.

DR. YOUNG & BRO.—Your Shoshonees Remedy is giving good satisfaction, and sells better than any other new medicine we have ever attempted to introduce, as we are nearly out of it, send us in haste etc. B. LEWIS & CO.

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For The Young Folks.

The Play-Fellows.

TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN.

A BOY sat on the sea-shore, near the town of Genoe, one May day in 1793.—He was gazing fixedly across the broad glittering expanse of water at his feet. He was about ten years old with a slight figure, delicate pale face, dark hair, heavy eyebrows and most marvellous black eyes; from their rapid changes, they had an almost weird expression—at one moment fierce and proud, the next sorrowful unto death.

A clear, sweet, childish voice broke in on the young dreamer's meditations as a lovely little girl ran up, and cried, "Naughty Niccolo! where have you been? I looked for you everywhere the whole afternoon!" Here she kissed him and scattered a quantity of roses, myrtle, and orange blossoms over him, out of her little white apron.

Niccolo threw his arms around the chatterer, and stroking her wild locks, said gently, "I slipped away from father, Gianetta, for I want to be happy and sit and dream here on the still sea-shore you know it is your play-fellow's favorite spot." Instead of answering Gianetta began to scold her young friend's father. "He gives you no peace by day or night," she exclaimed. "He will bring you to an early grave, for my mother always says, "Your Niccolo is not a strong boy; that crazy fiddle wears his spirit, and the father will ruin his body."

"Don't believe it," returned Niccolo, earnestly. "I shall not die—I cannot, until I have become a great man; and I am not weak, for look here!" and, rising up, his figure seemed to expand, his eyes burned with a wild fire, and a strange smile played around his mouth as he raised Gianneta, and held her over the glassy water at his feet. The girl did not tremble as he put her down again, but looked at him timidly. She soon began her pretty prattle, while Niccolo listened patiently to many childish plans and stories about her flowers and pigeons. Sometimes he would sink into a reverie, but a kiss from Gianetta, or the caress of her soft little hand, would rouse, him when she would look indescribably happy in her innocent delight. Later, when it grew dark, they went home hand in hand, through many broad thoroughfares, until they turned off into a side street at the end of which stood two houses thickly covered with vines, and in one of these lived Gianetta, opposite to Niccolo. A father's hard stern countenance awaited the boy, but Gianetta's mother stood anxiously watching at her door, and kissed her little girl tenderly; then both children said good night and parted.

As Niccolo with a heavy sigh entered his lonely chamber, he opened the window to let in the delicious evening air, then took an old violin out of a coffin-like case and began to improvise. The pure, strangely attractive tones gushed out into the silent night, or rose and swelled in the narrow room, seeming to make the walls vibrate with their thrilling sounds. Scarcely had the first note died away, when from the thick vine, growing up the window, out crept an unusually large and beautifully marked cross-spider. "Welcome, little Silver Cross," said Niccolo softly, and laid his hand on the window-sill; the spider ran at once, and was placed by the boy on the neck of his violin, where she clung fast with her little feet, and remained there motionless, listening to the sea of sound which swept over and around her. The boy played until his arm ached, then laying down his violin, he carried the spider back to the window, while she moved about between his fingers as if to thank him, and then slipped in amongst the vine-leaves. As he followed her with his eyes, a feeling of inconsolable loneliness came over him which overpowered him every night when little "Silver Cross," the strange listener and companion of his melancholy childhood, had left him.

Niccolo clung with tender affection to this little creature. The first note of his violin called her out, and not until the last sound ceased did she awake out of the sweet stupefaction into which those magic strains had plunged her.

Often when Niccolo, while sunk in meditation, dreamed of the fulfilment of his ambitious aspirations, little "Silver Cross" would come creeping up so softly, that the movement seemed to him like a light kiss; and then he closed his eyes, and forgot the loneliness, and that nobody cared for him. The father was his stern master; his gentle mother was dead; and the boys of his own age avoided him with a strange kind of shyness; only Gianetta played with him and kissed him; so Niccolo's heart was divided between the affectionate girl and his strange window-friend. But Gianetta could not bear spiders and said timidly, "they are witches," therefore, whenever the child was with him listening breathlessly to his marvelous playing—Niccolo never put "Silver Cross" on his violin; and soon the spider commenced to understand that, and did not appear when Gianetta was there; but if Niccolo drew near the window with his instrument, and peeped out secretly, there he saw the mute listener hanging motionless on a vine-leaf.

Gianetta was never content when his arm sank wearily, and the sounds when hushed, but he must then tell her stories, wild, fanciful legends, as well as the dreams and aspiring plans of his own burning heart. When he told her about the celebrated German, Maestro Mozart, and how he had written long concertos in his sixth year, and shone as a star in the musical heavens, his cheeks would burn, and tears of excitement and mortification would burst from his eyes. "You see, Gianetta," he would say, with a bitter smile, "what a wretched bungler I am compared with him!"

One day—under his father's direction and in a state of inward torture—he had been playing the most monotonous exercises. His hands were powerless, his head bowed, and all strength, all the life of his body, seemed to have gone into his eyes, they glittered so wonderfully, when suddenly he heard Gianetta's mother calling him in a piteous voice. "He hastened to see her, and found the child seized with violent fever. She looked at him, her dearest playfellow, with an imploring glance, he understood it, and brought his violin, while his heart was ready to burst.

"A slumber song for you, Gianetta!" cried he. She smiled, and then the boy's magical fiddle sang slumber songs. When he had ended Gianetta whispered softly. "Thanks, dearest Niccolo; I am going to sleep sweetly, but you may not need rest yet, you must give life on earth, like a bright beaming star! Go, far far away from here, and think of me and of my words." Here the lovely child sank her head with a gentle sigh—and died.

Niccolo would not stir from the loved body all night long. On returning late in the evening, his quiet, dark room, filled him with a thrill of horror. From the window he could see into Gianetta's little chamber opposite; tapers were lighted there, and the child lay on the bier, with her angelic countenance decorated and almost buried in flowers.—"Farewell, sweetheart!" murmured the weeping boy, "I am going away—as far as I can. There is nothing now to keep me, desolate and unloved as I am!" Here he sank on his knees, and sobbed convulsively. But at that moment he felt a strange soft touch on his hand, and he started. It was little "Silver Cross." "Is that you, mute, and alas! now sole companion of my life?" cried Niccolo, as a ray almost of joy stole over his countenance, and he glanced thoughtfully at the little creature.

At last he rose up: "One last farewell to Gianetta, and then away into the world with you, only mighty, heavenly loved one of my heart," cried he, pressing his violin to him. And then made the strings sing more wonderfully, more entrancingly than ever.

* * * * *

As the morning sun looked into the little room he found an almost senseless boy lying on the ground, his violin clasped in his arms, and on the strings of it hung little "Silver Cross"—dead! Did Gianetta's loving prediction ever come true?

The boy's name was *Niccolo Paganini!*

Farmer's Department.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

The Peach Tree.

UPON a recent journey to a point 17 miles distant from Bloomsburg, (the direction, we suppose, need not be mentioned,) we observed the appearance of fruit trees in the act of putting on their summer foliage and preparing for the duties of the year in the production of their fruits. Among them all the Peach tree looked most wo-begone and unpromising. Although in full bloom it was uniformly unsightly and gave little promise of full crops or prolonged existence. We did not observe one tree in decent condition. And thereupon we conceived the idea of telling our readers something about this interesting and valuable tree, for information concerning its character and treatment appears to be greatly needed. The Peach is an exotic and requires judicious handling and care in order that good results may be secured from its cultivation. In the early settlement of the country and for some time afterwards, when the soil was unexhausted—full of rich mineral elements and vegetable matter—the Peach was much more healthy and fruitful than it is now. It grew with little care, produced abundant crops, and was long-lived. In recent years, however, it is comparatively feeble, short-lived and unfruitful. It very commonly has the *curl* in the spring, is scourged by the *borer*, and is subject to a destructive and incurable disease, widely extended, known as *the yellows*. It cannot, ordinarily, be grown with success on low grounds and is often killed or checked in growth and vigor by severe winters. This constitutes the chapter of evils which we are to confront and study in the treatment of the Peach.

Now for remedial measures and improved management, by which this princely fruit may be produced in abundance and secured for common use. We will state our recommendations, (based on good authorities and observation,) in due order and as briefly as possible.

1. In planting the Peach secure sound, young trees. If they have the yellows in their constitution the experiment of planting them will be hopeless. If possible they should be, in age, only one year from the bud. Then uninjured roots with future unchecked and vigorous growth may be expected. It is a truth applicable generally to the cultivation of all trees, that the younger they are transplanted the better.

2. If possible, plant in situations comparatively elevated, if for no other reason to avoid the extremest cold of winter. For it is by a natural law that the coldest air falls to the lowest levels.

3. Do not plant in sod-bound fence corners, nor in holes surrounded by unbroken earth, but in open and mellow ground to be cultivated afterwards but not with tall or exhaustive crops. Plant the trees 16 to 20 feet apart.

4. Manure reasonably, and by all means supply wood-ashes to the soil if they can possibly be obtained. The Peach demands potash as a condition of vigorous life and will richly recompense him who supplies it. Leached ashes may be supplied freely; unleached in moderate quantity, to be sown broadcast on the surface and allowed to filter into the soil gradually with rains.

5. Keep the borer out of the root. Don't rely upon digging him out, or killing him by any external application. He may be kept out effectually, at least for many years, by the simple and convenient device of a *paper collar* at the root. Take a strip of hardware, match, or other tolerably rigid but still pliable paper, and enclose the trunk with it, at the ground, and tie it on with woolen string. The collar should be five or six inches in width, half below and half above the surface. This will prevent the insect which produces the borer from laying her eggs in the bark. The woolen string will not rot soon, and it will stretch with the growth of the tree. Other remedies for the borer are numerous, but few of them can be relied upon. One of them, sanctioned by the highest authority, is that of heaping about half a peck of air-slaked lime or leached wood-ashes around the trunk of the tree, to remain from May to October, during which time the borer insect does its mischief. As to the yellows, the only sensible mode of dealing with a tree affected by that disease is to exterminate it by fire root and branch, otherwise it may contaminate other trees. The 'curl' is not fatal nor very injurious. It is produced by an insect stinging the leaf and may be remedied by syringing the leaves with a weak solution of soap and tobacco.

6. We come, lastly, to a most important point in the treatment of the Peach; a point which is universally neglected amongst us, but by attention to which the very best results will be produced. It is *to trim down from the top*, or, to use the language of fruit-growers, to practise the *shortening-in* system of pruning. Never cut upwards, or, without special reason, remove the lower branches. Before the leaves have pushed in the spring pass over the head of the tree and cut off from one-third to one-half the wood growth of the previous year from the extremities of all the branches, taking care as far as convenient to cut immediately above leaf-buds (not flower-buds) extending outward, in order to spread the head of the tree—to give it a proper form and admit the sunlight and air freely. Trees pruned in this manner will not overbear and exhaust themselves when young; will be kept at a convenient height; the central and lower parts of the tree will retain bearing branches; all the buds will be kept vigorous; the tree will be healthy, will bear winters well and be long-lived, and lastly, the fruit will be very greatly improved in size and quality.

To sum up;—Having obtained and located in good open grounds, healthy young trees, let them be supplied with wood-ashes in connection with moderate tillage, keep the borer from the root and trim in regularly every year from the top, and we can rely upon having, under all ordinary circumstances, reliable and valuable orchards of the Peach.

PHILADELPHIA DIRECTORY

G. W. BLABON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,
Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street
Philadelphia.

JOHN STROUP & CO.,
Successors to Stroup & Brother,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,
No. 24 North Wharves, and 25 North Water St.,
Philadelphia.

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Nos. 525 Market, and 522 Commerce Street,
Philadelphia.

H. V. PETERMAN,
with LIPPINCOTT & TROTTER,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 21 North Water Street,
and No. 20 North Delaware Avenue
Philadelphia.

GEORGE FOELKER & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, YARNS,
Oil-Cloths, Wicks, Twines, Baskets, etc., etc.
219 & 221 Market St. & 236 Church St., Philada.
June 5,'68.

JOHN C. YEAGER & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, AND
LADIES' FURS.
No. 237 North Third Street,
Mar.19,'69-1y Philadelphia.

ESTABLISHED 1793.
JORDAN & BROTHER,
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
SALTPETER AND BRIMSTONE,
No 249 North Third St.
Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,
Late Walter & Kaub,
Importer and Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 231 N. Third Street.
Philadelphia.

H. W. RANK'S
WHOLESALE TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND
CIGAR WAREHOUSE,
No. 146 North Third Street,
between Cherry and Race, west side,
Philadelphia.

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR
MANUFACTORY,
NO. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,
Second Door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. W. WARTMAN P. ENGELMAN

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES,
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.
May 10, 1867-1y.

C. H. HORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SEYBERT.
HORNE, KING & SEYBERT,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
No. 313 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders filled promptly at lowest
January 3, 1868.

MAJOR E. R. ARTMAN. C. H. DILLINGER. M. MORY.
ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,
NO. 104 NORTH THIRD ST. PHILADELPHIA,
Two Doors above Arch formerly 226,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN
CARPETS, COTTONS YARNS, BATTING,
OIL CLOTHS, CARPET CHAINS, CORDAGE,
OIL SHADES, GRAIN BAGS, TIE YARN,
WICK YARN, WINDOW PAPER, COVERLETS,
—ALSO,—
WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE,
BROOMS, BRUSHES, LOOKING GLASSES, TRUNKS
Feb. 5,'69

MISCELLANEOUS.

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE
PITKIN & CO.
THE GREAT HEAD QUARTERS for all kinds of Army Goods, New and Second-hand, and sold at a little of the cost.
HARNESS,
Wheel and Lead Team Harness, Ambulance, Light and Heavy Express. Cart and Buggy Harness, of Cheltan and Officers, Saddles, Bridles, Collars, Reins, Halters Surcingles, etc., etc.
TENTS,
Hospital, Wall and Wedge, with poles and pins complete, Wagon Covers, Awnings, Sacking Bottoms and Bags.
MILITARY CLOTHING,
Overcoats, Frock Coats, Jackets, Blouses, Army Blankets, Horse Covers, Fly Sheets and Nets, etc.,
The largest and best assortment we have ever offered.
Send for descriptive Price List, sent free on application.
Small orders by Express, C. O. D.
LIBERAL DEDUCTION TO WHOLESALE DEALERS.
PITKIN & CO.,
(Formerly on Front St., now)
71 North Second St., just below Arch St.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Also, 5 PARK PLACE, New York.
May 21,'69-3m

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
Will be sold by the undersigned Executor of the last will and Testament of Wm. Wardin late of Centre township in the county of Columbia deceased. All that certain messtage and tract of land situated in Centre township Columbia county, adjoining lands of Samuel Creveling, George W. Shaffer, Charles Lee and David Lee, containing
ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES
more or less, actual am unt to be ascertained d by survey, about one hundred and thirty acres of which is improved and in a good state of cultivation, and balance well timbered. Whereon is erected,
ONE FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,
One Plank dwelling House, a large bank Barn Wagon shed, Corn crib, Hog Sty, Two good Wells of Water, one at the barn and the other at the Plank House, and a good spring of never failing water at the frame dwelling house with spring house.
Terms made known by application either to the undersigned, or Edward M. Wardin Bloomsburg Columbia county Pa.
Possession of said premises will be given April 1st, 1870.
If the above property is not sold on or before the 12th day of June next, the same will be exposed to public sale on the premises.
JAMES WARDIN, Executor,
Apr.21,69-2m Weatherly, Carbon Co., Pa.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER
the successors of
WILLIAM SLOAN & SON
continue the business of making
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every style of
FANCY WAGONS,
which they have constantly on hand to suit customers. Never using any material but the best and employing the most experienced workmen they hope to continue as heretofore to give entire satisfaction to every customer. An inspection of their work, and of the reasonable prices asked for he same, is sure to insure a sale.
May 5,'69-tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP
The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Schuyler & Black doing business in Rohrsburg, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
The accounts will be settled by Perry D. Black. All persons having unsettled accounts will please take notice.
JACOB SCHUYLER.
PERRY D. BLACK.
Rohrsburg Pa. May 1st 1869.
The business will be continued at the old stand by Perry D. Black, who proposes to do away with the credit system, and will sell very low for cash and ready pay.
PERRY D. BLACK.
May 7, '69-tf

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
The well known Rohr farm near Rohrsburg, Columbia county will be offered at private sale, either in lots or the whole property as may be desired. It consists of
SEVENTY-FOUR ACRES,
more or less, on which is erected a frame house and log barn with orchard, good well of water &c. About 70 acres cleared land. For particulars regarding terms apply to
NICOLAS KINDT, Greenwood twp.
or MATHIAS KINDT, Mt. Pleasant "
May 21,'69-1m

DRY GOODS.

M. P. LUTZ
(Successor to A. J. Sloan) has just returned from New York with a full assortment of
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS
to which he invites the attention of the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity. His stock consists in part of the following line of goods
SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS,
LADIES' SACKINGS,
SUMMER SHAWLS,
LADIES' HOSE, BLEACH & BROWN,
GENTS' HALF HOSE, BLEACH & BROWN,
LADIES' GLOVES SILK
AND LISLE THREAD,
KID GLOVES ALL COLORS,
HOOP SKIRTS & CORSETS,
A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS
TABLE DIAPERS
TOWELS
NAPKINS
CLOTHS,
AND CASIMERS,
FLANNELS.
DOMESTICS OF ALL KINDS,
and in fact everything generally kept in a Dry Goods Store. Call and examine the goods and satisfy yourselves, high prices is one of the things that have passed away.
EXCHANGE BUILDING OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE MAIN STREET BLOOMSBURG PA.
Apr.16,69-tf.

MILLER'S STORE.
FRESH ARRIVAL OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles:
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods,
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs,
AND NOTIONS GEN RALLY.
In short, everything usualy kept in country stores, to which he invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.
S. H. MILLER & SON.
Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
AT PETER ENT'S STORE,
IN LIGHT STREET,
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
THE subscriber has just received and has on hand at his old stand in Light Street, a large and select
ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE
purchased at the lowest figure, and which he determined to sell on as moderate terms as be procured elsewhere in Light Street,
FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.
His stock consists of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
choicest styles and latest fashions,
Calicoes, Muslins,
Ginghams, Flannels,
Hosiery, Carpets,
Silks, Shawls,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Satinetts, Cassimers,
Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans.
&C., &C. &C.
GROCERIES, MACKERAL,
Queenswares, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines, Drugs, Oils, Paints, &c.
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.
In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.
The highest market price paid for country produce.
PETER ENT.
Light Street, Nov. 8 1867.

1115 HOOP SKIRTS. 1115
WM. T. HOPKINS
Has Removed his Manufactory and Salesrooms to No. 1115 CHESTNUT, ST. PHILADELPHIA, Where his "Own Make" of Champion Hoop Skirts, especially adapted to First-class *Wholesale and Retail* Trade, well be found to embrace the most extensive assortment in the Union, and all the latest and most desirable Styles, Shapes, Lengths and Sizes, 2, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3½, yards round, of Plain and Gored Duners, Walking Skirts, Reception Trails, &c. &c. together with over a fifty different varieties of Misses' and Children's Skirts, all of which for symmetry of style, finish, lightness, elasticity, durability and *real Cheapness*, are unequaled by any other goods in the market, and are warranted in every respect. Skirts made to order. Altered and Repaired, Wholesale and Retail.
Full lines of Low Priced Eastern Made Skirts, 15 Springs, 35 Cents; 20 Springs, 45 Cents; 25 Springs, 55 Cents; 30 Springs, 65 Cents; and 40 Springs, 75 Cents.
CORSETS! CORSETS!! CORSETS!!! 57 different styles and prices, from 75 Cents to $7.00, embracing R. Worlley, "Beckel," Glove Fitting, Madam Foy's Corset Skirt Supporters, Mrs. Moody's Patient "Self-Adjusting Abdominal" Corsets, French, English and Domestic Hand-made Corsets, and superior French Patterns of Coteli Corsets, "Our Own Make," to which we invite especial attention.
Complete assortment of Ladies' Under Garments, at very low prices.
GENERAL AGENT for the BARTRAM AND FANTON FAMILY SEWING MACHINES, superior to any other before the public. Fifty-two of these No. 1 Machines, Price $55 each, are being given away to our customers, in order to get them introduced. Every person in want of articles in our line, should examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. Call or send for circulars, at our Manufactory and Salesrooms, No. 1115 Chestnut st., Philadelphia. WM. T. HOPKINS.
mar.20'69-3m.

SOMETHING NEW.
The undersigned begs leave to inform her friends and the public generally, that she has opened in
BLOOMSBURG,
a fresh stock
of goods in the line of
MILLINERY and TRIMMINGS
in connection with Dress Making; and is prepared in addition, to
COLOR STRAW HATS
on the shortest notice, and in the best style of the art. Prices cheap and work satisfactory.
MRS. E. KLINE.
Light Street, October 4, 1867.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY
has just returned from Philadelphia, and has bought, and is now offering the best assortment of
FANCY GOODS,
TRIMMINGS,
BONNETS &c. &c.,
ever exhibited in Bloomsburg, and is prepared to make up dresses and all other articles of female wearobe, at short notice, and in the best and
LATEST SPRING STYLES.
Rooms in the Ramsey Buildings, on West Main Street, Call and see her varied stock of Spring Goods.
May 1,'68.

RAIL ROADS.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
On and after May 9th 1869, Trains will leave NORTHUMBERLAND as follows:
NORTHWARD.
425 A. M., Daily to Williamsport, (except Sunday) for Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.
650 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Elmira and Buffalo via Erie Railway from Elmira.
5.55 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport.
TRAINS SOUTHWARD.
9.30 A. M. Daily (except Monday's) for Baltimore.
WILMINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA.
2.00 P. M. Daily (except Sunday's) for Baltimore Washington and Philadelphia.
ED. S. YOUNG,
General Passenger Agent.
ALFRED R. FISKE, Gen'l Supt.,

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD
On and after Nov 30th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going North. Arrive p. m.	Arrive a. m.	Going South. Leave p. m.	Leave a. m.
Scranton	9 45	10.50	4.10	5.25
			Leave	
Pittston	9.10	10.15	4.47	5.57
Kingston	8.40	9.50	5.23	6.29
Plymouth	8.23	9.39	5.35	6.38
Shickshinny	7.57	9.09	6.19	7.19
Berwick	6.53	8.28	6.53	7.52
Bloom	6.05	7.50	7.36	8.29
Danville	5.30	7.12	8.20	9.01
	Leave	Leave	Arrive	Arrive
North'd	4.45	6.40	9.05	9.45

Connection made at Scranton by the 10.50 a.m. train for Great Bend, Binghamton, Albany and all points North, East and West.
D. T. BOUND, Sup't.

1869. PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.— 1869.
SUMMER TIME TABLE.
THROUGH AND DIRECT ROUTE BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, HARRISBURG, WILLIAMSPORT, AND THE
GREAT OIL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA.
ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS
On all Night Trains.
On and after MONDAY, Apr. 26th 1869, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road will run as follows:
WESTWARD.
MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia.....10.45 p.m.
" " " Northumberland.....5.55 a.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....9.30p.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia.....11.50 m.
" " " Nor'd.....6.50 p.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....10.00 a.m.
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia.....9.00 a.m.
" " " North'd.....4.25 p.m.
" " arr. at Lock Haven.....7.45 p.m.
EASTWARD.
MAIL TRAIN leaves Erie.....11.15 a.m.
" " " North'd.....2.00 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....9.25 a.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Erie.....6.25 p.m.
" " " Nor'd.....9.30 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....4.10 p.m.
Mail and Express connects with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Rail Road. Baggage checked through.
A. L. TYLER,
General Superintendent, Williamsport.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 23, 1868, Passenger trains on the Catawissa Railroad will run at the following named hours:

Mail South.	STATIONS.	*Mail North*
Dep. 7.50 a.m	Williamsport.	Arr. 6.16 p. m.
" 8.20 "	Muncy.	Dep. 5.41 "
" 8.50 "	Watsontown.	" 5.12 "
" 9.10 "	Milton.	" 4.55 "
" 9.52 "	Danville.	" 4.10 "
" 10.12 "	Rupert.	" 3.55 "
" 10.25 "	Catawissa.	" 3.35 "
" 11.40 "	Ringtown.	" 2.28 "
" 12.30 p.m.	Summit.	" 1.50 "
" 12.45 "	Quakake.	" 1.40 "
" 1.00 "	E. Mahony Junc.	" 1.20 "
" 2.15 "	Dine. Tamaqua. Dine.	" 1.10 "
" 4.25 "	Reading.	" 10.40 a.m.
Arr. 6.45 "	Philadelphia.	" 8.15 "
" 10.50 "	{To New York via. Reading or Mauch Chunk. From New York via. Mauch Chunk.}	7.00 "

No Change of cars between Williamsport and Philadelphia. GEO. WEBB Sup't.

READING RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT, Apr. 26th, 1869.
Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin Lebanon Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,
Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 2.35, 5.30 and 8.10 a. m., 12.25 noon and 2.40 6.10, 9.50 p.m., connecting with similar trains on the Pa. Railroad, and arriving at New York at 9.45, a.m., & 11.45 a. m., & 3.50 9.45 & 9.50 p. m. and 6.00 a.m respectively. Sleeping cars accompany the 2.35 a. m., 5.30 a.m. and 10.50 p.m. trains without change.
Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin Pine Grove, Allentown & Phila'd. at 8.10 a.m., & 2.00 & 4.10 p.m., stopping at Lisman and principal way stations; the 4.10p.m. trains making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 3.30 p.m. Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 a.m. and 12.00 m., and 5.05 and 8.00 p.m. Philadelphia at 8.15 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Sleeping cars accompany the 9.00 a. m., and 5.05 and 8.00 p.m., trains from N.Y. without change. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a.m., connecting with similar train on East Pa. railroad returning from Reading at 6.30 p.m stopping at all stations; leave Pottsville at 6.45a.m. and 2.45 p.m. Shamokin at 5.25 a. m., Ashland at 7.00a.m and 12.30 noon Tamaqua at 8.30 a. m., and 2.30 p.m., for Philadelphia, and New York.
Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7.00 a.m. and 11.30 a. m., for Pine Grove and Tremont.
Reading Accommodation Train leaves Reading at 7.30 a.m., returning from Philadelphia at 5.15 p.m.
Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6.25 a.m.,, returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.30 p.m.
Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.00 a.m., and 5.15 p.m. for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,
Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 a.m., and 6.00 p. m. Returning: Leave Skippack at 8.15 a.m., and 1.00 p.m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.
On Sundays, leave New York at 8.00 p.m., Philadelphia 8.00 a.m. and 5 p.m., at 8.05 a.m. train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8.00 a.m.; Harrisburg 5.20 a.m. and 4.10 and 10.55 p.m., and Reading at 12.55 M. and 2.45 and 7.15a.m. for Harrisburg, and 12.55 a.m., and 7.05 a.m. for New York, at 9.40 a.m. and 4.25 p.m. for Philadelphia.
Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.
Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed to each passenger.
G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.
Reading, Pa., Apr. 26, 1869.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA, & WESTERN RAILROAD.—Summer arrangement, Apr. 5, 1869. Trains leave as follows:

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD.	
Accom.	Express	Mail	STATIONS.	Mail	Express	Accom.
P M	P.M.		Via M. & E. Divis.	A.M.	P M	
			Ar New York. Lv			
9 40	3.35		(*Foot Barclay St.*)	8.30	4 00	
9 40	3.35		Christopher St.	8.30	4 00	
9 25	3.25		Hoboken	8.45	4 15	
9 00	3.00		Newark	9.05	4 40	
6 15	12.10		Washington	11.30	7 05	
			via Cen. RR. of N.J.			
			New York			
			(*Foot Liberty St.*)	9.00	4 00	
7 15	12.50		New Hampton	11.15	6 50	
7 53	11.48		Oxford	11.48	7 20	
	11.53		Bridgeville	7.25		
	4.40		Philadelphia	7.30		
	9.22		Trenton	8.47		
7 40	1.00		Phillipsburg	11.08		
5 38	11.30		Manunka Chunk	1.15		
5 33	11.20		Delaware	12.25	7 58	
5 23	11.02		Mount Bethel	12.35	8 08	
5 11	10.47		Water Gap	12.50	8 13	
5 01	10.33		Stroudsburg	1.08	8 29	
	10.23		Spragueville	1.15		
4 41	10.15		Henryville	1.25	8 42	
4 26	9.56		Oakland	1.45	8 56	
	9.50		Forks	1.50		
3 55	9.22		Tobyhanna	2.21	9 28	
3 44	9.09		Gouldsboro	2.33	9 39	
3 33	8.45		Moscow	2.57	9 59	
3 15	8.33		Dunning	3.08	1005	A.M.
2 50	8.07		Scranton	3.50	1035	11.50
P M	7.58		Clark's Summit	4.12	P M	11.30
5.55	7.30		Abington	4.20		11.40
5.50	7.14		Factoryville	4.36		12.00
4.56	6.50		Nicholson	4.56		12.20
4.15	6.23		Hopbottom	5.18		12.55
3.45	6.10		Montrose	5.40		1.30
3.15	5.49		New Milford	6.00		2.00
2.50	5.30		Great Bend	6.20		2.25
P.M	A.M.			P.M.		P.M.

CONNECTIONS.
At New Hampton with Central R. R. of New Jersey for New York, Elizabeth, Plainfield, Somerville, Easton, &c.
At Washington, with Morris & Essex R. R. for New York, Newark, Morristown, Dover, Hacketstown, Easton, &c.
At Manunka Chunk, with Belvidere Delaware R. R., for Philadelphia, Trenton, Phillipsburg, Lambertsville, Phillipsburg.
At Scranton, with Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R., for Pittston, Wyoming, Kingston, Wilkesbarre, Danville, Northumberland, &c., also, with Delaware & Hudson R. R., for Olyphant, Archbald, and Carbondale.
At Great Bend, with Erie Railway, for Binghamton, Elmira, Buffalo, Ithaca, Syracuse, and the West. W. F. HALLSTEAD, Supt.
R. A. BENRY, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agent.

PUMPS! PUMPS FOR SALE.
The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of this place and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish at short notice, one of the best WOODEN PUMPS for Wells and Cisterns ever offered to the public. Tubes in the well. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.
ELIAS SHUMAN,
Sept. 4,'69-1y Catawissa, Pa.

SLATE ROOFING,
EVERY VARIETY
AT
MOST FAVORABLE RATES,
JOHN THOMAS, AND CASPER J. THOMAS,
Box, 277. BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Mar.19,'69.1yr.

GROCERIES, &c.,

CONFECTIONERY.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a
FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY STORE,
in the building lately occupied by Fox & Webb where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,
NUTS, RAISINS, &C., &C., &C.
BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
In short, a full assortment of all goods in his line of business. A great variety of
DOLLS, TOYS, &c.,
suitable for the Holidays. Particular attention given to
BREAD AND CAKES,
of all kinds, fresh every day.
CHRISTMAS CANDIES,
CHISTMAS TOYS.
A call is solicited, and satisfaction will be guaranteed.
Nov. 22, 1867. ECKHART JACOBS.

REMOVAL O